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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXIII.---NO. 68. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,773

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Two important subjects discussed in the Senate, territorial expansion and the Nicaragua canal. —— The First North Carolina regiment disembarked at Havana, and marched through the city with band and colors to Marianoa; Cubans showed intense feeling, women weeping from excessive pleasure; the troops made a fine appearance. —— President McKinley will visit Augusta, Ga., December 19th, on his return from Atlanta. —— Col. W. J. Bryan, of the First Nebraska, has forwarded his resignation to the War Department. —— The United States government will not relinquish its rights in the Samoan islands to Germany. —— A bill introduced in the House authorizes the President to acquire by purchase land and construct a canal between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. —— Steamer John Howard burned on the Mississippi river at Columbia, La.; no lives lost. —— Three Cubans and one Spanish officer killed and two Cubans wounded in an affray at Havana. —— A number of fist fights in the French Chamber of Deputies over the Dreyfus affair; an anti-Dreyfus demonstration in the streets of Paris. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton firm; middling uplands 5 13-16c; flour active for spring patents and generally steady; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 75½c; corn—spot firm, No 2 40½@40⅝c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady at 39½@40c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 12.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 35 deg.; 8 P.M., 50 deg.; maximum, 50 deg.; minimum, 33 deg.; mean, 42 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.12.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 11.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; much colder; continued cold weather until Thursday; fresh to brisk west to northwest winds.

Port Almanac---Dec. 13.

Sun Rises	7.02 A. M.
Sun Sets	4.46 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 44 M.
High Water at Southport	7.32 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	10.02 P. M.

An English pugilist recently died of lockjaw. Our pugilists never die of that. Loosejaw is the complaint with most of them.

An exchange remarks that Weyler's future is not without hope. Not altogether. He has had some experience in standing fire.

A $10,000,000 gas concern now controls all the gas plants in New Jersey. In that State this is considered a light transaction.

Among the 4,000 thieves arrested in Paris for the year ending October 31 were two princesses, a countess and a duchess. The princes, counts and dukes escaped.

The brewers say that since the war tax had been put on beer the consumption has been reduced twenty per cent. There has probably been a reduction in the size of the schooners.

There is very little coffee grown in the Philippines. Up to 1891 they used to export about $4,000,000 worth annually, but the exports have fallen to about $96,000 last year. In '91 an insect got into the plants and ruined the business.

Here is another popular delusion dispelled. Capt. Sigsbee says he never knew that Sergeant Anthony, who is now on the stage, informed him that the Maine was blown until he saw it in the newspapers. This shows what reading the papers does for a man.

As showing the contrast in the slouchiness of the Spaniards and the get-up of Americans, twenty Americans now perform the same work in the postoffice at Manila that it took two hundred Spaniards to do and the office is kept open every day instead of three days in the week, as was the custom.

Just about the time the Maine was blown up Captain Sigsbee was looking over some letters and discovered one to his wife, from one of her friends, which he had carried in his pocket for ten months. When he delivered it he escaped a blowing up in consideration of the blowing up he had.

The Illinois railroad has 3,000 carloads of stuff at New Orleans for export which can't be unloaded because ships can't be got to take it. The reason is said to be that there is at this time an extraordinary demand for ships the world over, and those that are fit for service have more than they can do.

Votes must have been in demand in the election for city concilmen last week in Augusta, Ga., when as high as $5 a piece was paid for them. The high priced chaps were so proud of their rating that they permitted the $5 bills to be pinned to their coat collars, to show how they were collared. The collared were colored.

A Boston man wants a divorce from his wife because she pawned his only pair of trousers. He ought to have it. No man could be expected to live on amicable terms with a woman who would treat his trousers that way.

A brass band in Nevada has secured a judgment for $40 against Senator Stewart for blowing for him during the campaign. This last blow is one that he wasn't expecting.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. O'Connor—For rent.
Taylor's Bazaar—Santa Claus.
King Grocery Co.—Santa Claus.
D. O'Connor—Dwelling for rent.
Palace Bakery—Your X-mas cakes.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Gardener—Position wanted.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. J. George, of Southport, was here yesterday.

— Mr. Walter Croom, of Burgaw, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. D. Kerr, of Clinton, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. I. M. Bear left Sunday night on a business trip to New York.

— Mr. H. U. Butters returned last night from a protracted business trip North.

— Mr. Arthur Smith left last night for Chillicothe, Indiana, where he will locate.

— Mr. Harold Child returned yesterday from a visit to his home in Brunswick county.

— Dr. G. L. Lucas, of Currie, was a welcome caller at the STAR office last night.

— Messrs. J. A. Brown and W. A. Freeman, of Chadbourn, are registered at The Orton.

— Mr. F. L. Huggins left yesterday on an extended business trip to New York and other cities North.

— Mr. W. F. Medearis, a popular shoe drummer travelling from Richmond, is in the city talking business with shoe dealers.

— Miss Ruth Harriss returned last night from Greenville, where she has been for several weeks, the guest of relatives and friends.

— Mr. G. W. Prince, superintendent of the Wilmington office of the Virginia Life Insurance Company has returned from a business trip to Richmond.

— Mrs. Haywood Clark returned yesterday evening from a visit to friends in Baltimore. Miss Mary stopped over in Norfolk.

— Mr. S. D. Britton, special agent for the Southern Bell Telephone Company, arrived in the city Saturday evening and will spend a week or ten days.

— Mr. J. R. Vason, of Macon, Ga., has succeeded Mr. R. Fairfax Crow, as bookkeeper at the North Carolina Cotton Oil Co's mill, near Hilton Park.

— Mr. J. J. Croswell, the hustling route agent of the Southern Express Company, is in the city and gave the STAR office a very pleasant call yesterday afternoon.

— Mrs. J. A. Fountain, of Richmond, who hus been in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Pennington since the marriage of their daughter Miss Camille to Mr. J. H. Hinton last week, returned to her home yesterday much to the regret of many friends.

— Mr. E. L. Gilmore, travelling Auditor for the Southern Bell Telephone Company, who has been in the city the past week, left Sunday night for Macon, Ga. This was Mr. Gilmore's first visit to Wilmington. He made quite a favorable impression. He will always be a welcome visitor.

A Very Kind Offer.

In addition to the very generous offer of Mr. F. H. Busbee, of Raleigh, to tender his legal services to the citizens of Wilmington in the event any of them should be prosecuted for any occurrence that may have taken place here during or after the election, Mayor Waddell has also received a similar very kind letter from B. F. Long, Esq., a prominent and influential attorney of Statesville, N. C. Mayor Waddell and the citizens of Wilmington at large very greatly appreciate these expressions of sympathy and kind offers of assistance, but it is hardly expected now that any Federal interference will be attempted. This, however, does not in the least lessen the appreciation of such generous offers by a people which are nothing if not grateful.

Sumptuous Calendars.

The Taber-Prang Art Co., formerly L. Prang & Co., Boston, have issued for the holiday season of 1898-'99, the most beautiful assortment of calendars ever offered to the trade in this country. They range in price from 15 cents to $1.25, and for holiday presents nothing could be more appropriate. In addition to calendars the Taber-Prang Art Co. publish a great variety of art books and Christmas cards.

LABOR SITUATION.

White Labor Bureau Committee's Highly Satisfactory Meeting Last Night.

BUSINESS MEN ARE UNITED

For a Complete Change to White Laborers—White Men Gladly Doing the Work—Successful Experiments in Various Lines.

If there is a man in Wilmington who doubts that the movement to substitute white for colored labor in this city will prove successful, he should have attended the meeting of the committee to co-operate with the White Labor Bureau, held in the office of the Merchants' Association last night, and he could but have been convinced of his error.

An especially encouraging feature of the meeting was a report of a very general canvass of the leading employers of labor, including merchants, manufacturers, contractors, railroads, etc., as to attitude of the several firms in the matter of substituting white for colored laborers. The report developed the fact that out of the entire list, there were only three firms who are not in hearty accord with the movement and making the change as fast as possible, every one assuring the committee that the change is very much more satisfactory than the most sanguine hopes they had entertained before making the experiment.

The meeting last night was presided over by Mr. H. C. McQueen. Committeemen present were Mr. Hugh MacRae, Mr. J. C. Stevenson, Mr. Walter Parsley, Capt. T. D. Meares, Mr. Marcus Jacobi, Mr. W. H. Northrop, Jr., Mr. H. L. Miller, Mr. E. P. Bailey, Mr. C. W. Polvogt, Mr. J. C. Springer, Mr. Gabriel Holmes and Mr. P. L. Bridgers. Chairman McQueen announced the addition of Messrs. Thos W. Clawson, William J. Martin and R. W. Vincent to the committee.

There was a general discussion of the labor situation in which Messrs. Hugh McRae, J. C. Stevenson, M. W. Jacobi and P. L. Bridgers were among the principal speakers.

In speaking of the work being accomplished by the Labor Bureau, Mr. MacRae said that very many white men have been provided positions. White people are coming to the city from every direction, and there is no trouble in finding a good white laborer for every negro discharged. One thousand vacancies could be filled in thirty days, if they should occur. People from all parts of the country are writing to the Bureau, seeking employment and desirous of locating here.

Mr. MacRae asserted that all that is needed now is for all the business men to support the white labor movement heartily and persistently, as there is every indication that they will do. Successful experiments in the matter of white labor in the cotton compresses have just been made with every promise that the substitution will be extended to all departments just as fast as possible. White men are being secured to truck the bales of cotton and even work down in the holds of the ships which take on cargoes of cotton —the character of work which it was thought above all others would be most difficult to replace with white labor. These experiments have been made with small squads of men, and many positions of this kind are available just as fast as white men are found to take them.

Mr. H. L. Miller, of the Navassa Guano Works, in referring to the substitution of white labor in that establishment, said that progress was being made. The changes are being made just as fast as men can be found who will take the work. The trouble has been that houses could not be provided for white men (the firm provides homes for all employeres) inasmuch as negroes now at work could not be ejected until the white men substituted prove their efficiency and "stickativeness." He now has however a vacant house of four rooms in which he proposes to temporarily quarter a number additonal of white men.

On motion of Mr. MacRae, the chairman was requested to appoint a committee of three gentlemen to wait upon the contractors of the city and urge that more preference be shown white carpenters, painters and other skilled artisans.

Mr. Hugh MacRae and Chairman H. C. McQueen were also requested to prepare and cause to be published in the city papers an address, presenting the white labor movement in its true light, giving the progress made, plans for future work and the cooperation needful to arouse the greatest degree of success. This will be done at an early date.

The Books Have Arrived.

Mrs. R. L. Woodward, who has been here the past few weeks in the interest of the Frank Leslie magazine, organizing a library under the auspices of that periodical has been successful in the establishment of the library. The first consignment of books was received and are now ready for use by the subscribers Reference was made to the Library plan short while ago in the STAR. Only subscribers to the Frank Leslie magazine at $1.00 per year have access to the books. There are already over a hundred subscribers in Wilmington.

A beautiful line of Christmas goods at Rehder's, Fourth Street Bridge. Store open until 9 o'clock every evening. †

FAREWELL SERMON.

Rev. J. W. Kramer Bade Adieu to Congregation of Brooklyn Baptist Church Sunday Night.

As was announced in yesterday's STAR, Rev. J. W. Kramer preached his farewell sermon to the congregation of Brooklyn Baptist church Sunday night.

The church was literally crowded, all the available standing room being occupied by friends of the retiring pastor, who were anxious to hear, the farewell message to his people.

The subject of his remarks was Second Corinthians, 13th chapter and a part of the 11th verse: "Finally Brethren, Farewell."

He spoke very feelingly of the kindness of the congregation to him in various ways, acknowledged that many mistakes had been made, but that these were wholly errors unintentional on his part, and were to be deplored. He stated during his residence in Wilmington to the best of his ability he had performed his duty as a Christian, a preacher and a citizen, and that when he left Wilmington he would leave many and lasting friends behind.

He had the closest attention of the congregation, and his discourse was impressively and feelingly delivered.

Mr. Z. E. Murrell, in behalf of the church, then made a splendid talk, expressing much regret at the loss of Mr. Kramer as pastor of Brooklyn Baptist Church. Mr. Murrell's remarks were well received and voiced the sentiments of the large congregation present.

In behalf of the Sunday School, Superintendent Jno. H. McDougald also made a few very appropriate remarks, which attested Mr. Kramer's great popularity with the children and younger members of his congregation.

After these remarks the whole congregation voluntarily sung without discord and very touchingly "God Be With You 'Til We Meet Again," and as the large assemblage passed out each one gave the beloved pastor a hearty handshake and bade him God's speed in his new field of labor.

Mr. Kramer, during the comparatively short time which he has been here, has drawn to himself a host of friends who regret exceedingly to have him leave. He has been valuable as a citizen and as a pastor.

Though he does not care to make a definite announcement as yet, Mr. Kramer will in a short time assume the pastorate of a prominent church in one of our Southern cities, and will leave for his new field of labor in about two weeks.

HEAVY DOCKET YESTERDAY.

Many Offenders Had to Answer For Their Sins to the Mayor Yesterday Morning.

The Mayor, as is usually the case on Monday, had quite a large docket yesterday morning, and about $75 in fines was imposed on the various parties whom the officers arrested Saturday night.

Sam Jones, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, was fined $5 and cost, in default of which he went below to work it out.

Charles Hines, another colored man, was tried for being drunk. It was his second appearance before the Mayor within ten days, and $20 fine was imposed upon him for his offence.

Alex. Baker and George Lane, both colored, had a fight Saturday night on Fourth street, between Nun and Church. They were given a fine of $10 each or twenty days in the guard house. They could not pay and therefore took the days.

Jack Taylor and Richard Davis, also colored men, were given $10 fine each for drunkenness and disorderly conduct or twenty days at work. The former will have to work his fine out; the latter gave bond.

A. J. McNeill was the worst negro brought in Saturday night by the officers. He was up for a triple charge —disorderly conduct, resisting an officer and carrying concealed weapons. He was bound over to the Criminal Court in the sum of $100 justified bond, which he gave and was released.

Jno. Johnson and Wm. Halsey submitted to the charge of being drunk and were released upon payment of costs. Jas. Wright did the same and was also let off with the costs in his case.

Monroe Toomer, colored was fined $10 and costs for being drunk. He did not pay and was sent to the guard house for twenty days work.

Davis Ligue, colored, was tried for the larceny of an overcoat from Mr. A. Duff, Haman the negro arrested for this offence having sworn that he bought the coat from Ligue. Herbert McClammy, Esq., appeared for Ligue and had the case continued until 12 o'clock to-day.

W. L. I. Civil Officers.

The regular monthly meeting of the Wilmington Light Infantry was held last night. The only business of public interest was the election of civil officers to serve for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows:

President—R. A. Parsley.
Vice President—Jno. C. James.
Secretary and Treasurer—Thos. H. Wright.
Armory and Finance Committee—Capt. T. C. James, E. P. Willard and R. N. Sweet.

A beautiful line of Christmas goods at Rehder's, Fourth Street Bridge. Store open until 9 o'clock every evening. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— Justice Bornemann yesterday afternoon married a colored couple, Charlotte Johnson to Rufus Davis.

— Attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. Love & Flynn, which may be found in another column.

— Mr. Eugene P. Schulken has accepted a position as collector with the Wilmington Bell Telephone exchange.

— Mayor Waddell has called a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen, to be held to-night at 8 o'clock at the City Hall.

—— The Piano Club of the Musical Association will meet to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at 11 o'clock, at Miss VonGlahn's, corner Fifth and Princess streets.

— There will be an important meeting of the Board of Directors of the Eastern Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association in the parlors of The Orton to-day at 10 A. M.

— Members of the A. C. L. junior foot ball eleven say that they are waiting impatiently for an acceptance of the challenge they sent several days ago to the Wilmington High School eleven.

— There were no changes in any of the local markets yesterday. Cotton held firm at 5½ cents for middling, with receipts 1,526 bales, as compared with 1,756 bales the corresponding day last year.

— The Chadbourn Lumber Company, through Messrs. Jas. T. Riley & Co., yesterday cleared the schooner *Roger Moore* for Hayti, with a cargo of rough and dressed yellow pine lumber, valued at $3,445.31.

—— Jno. H. Hansley, colored, was before Justice McGowan's Court for disposing of mortgaged property yesterday afternoon. The charge was preferred by Mr. R. M. Wescott and the case was continued until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

— The STAR is requested to announce that there will be a meeting of the White Government Union of the First Ward at Lamb's Hall tonight at 8 o'clock. All citizens of the ward are urgently requested to be present at this meeting, as business of special importance is to be transacted.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Young Men's Christian Association Held an Important Meeting Last Night. Star Course Discussed.

An important meeting of the active members of the Young Men's Christian Association was held in their building on Front street last night In addition to many matters of a routine character that were disposed of, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—John Frank.
Vice President—Robert VanLaer.
Recording Secretary—C. E. McMillan.
Treasurer—W. L. Latta.

P. B. Manning, Esq., and Dr. J. H. Dreher were elected trustees to fill the places of those whose term of office expire January 1st, 1899.

The Treasurer stated that it was very necessary that those members who are in arrears for dues should settle the same at once in order to enable the Association to cancel all its indebtedness by January 1st.

This being the last business meeting of the year, the work of the organization was reviewed and many improvements were noted.

The Star course was discussed at some length and it was decided that unless sufficient tickets were sold by the middle of the present month to guarantee their closing the contract that the course will be abandoned. Another thorough canvas was ordered and the people are most urgently requested to come to the association's rescue and assist them in procuring the attractions for the Winter. The course embraces six first class entertainments and the price is only $1.50 for the six.

Beginning with next Sunday a weekly gospel service will be inaugurated for the Winter months. The first will be held Sunday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock by Rev. D. A. McClure. His subject will be "The Perils and Safeguards of Young Men."

THE NAVAL RESERVES.

Preparing to Take Charge of the Hornet. Civil Officers Elected.

The Wilmington Division Naval Reserves elected civil officers last night to serve for twelve months from January 1st. They are as follows:

President—H. L. Miller.
Vice President—R. H. McKoy.
Secretary and Treasurer—W. R. Middleton.
Uniform Committee—Jos. Davis, J. E. Cowell and A. F. Gibson.
Finance Committee—S. L. Corbett, W. E. Huhn and D. D. Barber.

Matters pertaining to the coming of the new cruiser *Hornet* were discussed. Lieutenant McIlhenny has selected most of the crew who will accompany Commander Morton to Norfolk Friday to take charge of the ship. The names of the crew can possibly be announced to-morrow.

Small Fire Last Night.

At 11.22 last night an alarm of fire summoned the engine company to Thirteenth street between Queen and Wooster. Fire was discovered in the one story shingle roof house of Allen Batson, colored, which was completely consumed. The loss was about $100, and is fully covered by insurance.

A ROYAL RECEPTION.

Joint Committee on Entertainment Prepares a Creditable Programme.

LIEUTS. ANDERSON AND BLUE.

Public Meeting Wednesday Night—Elaborate Reception Afterwards at Mr. G. H. Smith's Residence—Ladies' Reception Thursday.

Lieutenants E. A. Anderson and Victor Blue, the Spanish-American war heroes soon to vistit this city, are to be received in a truely royal style. The committee on reception and entertainment met last night at the Cape Fear Club. Commander George Morton announced that he had received a telegram from Lieutenant Anderson saying that he and Lieutenant Blue will leave Charleston for this port at 3 P. M. to-day and expect to arrive here to-morrow between 10 A. M. and 12 M.

The general plan of entertainment is as follows: When the two gunboats, the *Alvarado* and *Sandoval*, arrive here they will be boarded by Commander George L. Morton and Col. Walker Taylor, who will welcome the two heroes and the officers under them to the city.

At 8 P. M. there will be a meeting at the Opera House, to which the public is invited. Mayor Waddell will preside and deliver an address of welcome to the visiting heroes. Lieutenant Anderson will respond and present the war trophies to the Naval Reserves. Commander and President George L. Morton, of the Naval Reserves, will accept the trophies on the part of the Naval Reserves, Chamber of Commerce and city.

The Second Regiment Band has been invited to attend and discourse music for the occasion. After adjournment Lieutenants Anderson and Blue will remain on the stage and shake hands with any of the audience who may desire to meet them.

The stage decorations for this occasion will be under the supervision of Dr. J. D. Nutt and Mr. Will Rehder. The several trophies which Lieutenant Anderson will present to the Naval Reserves will be on the stage. The citizens invited to seats on the stage are requested to meet in the Mayor's office at 8 o'clock, before the meeting is called to order.

A Grand Reception.

After the public meeting at the Opera House there is to be a reception at the palatial residence of Mr. G. Herbert Smith, on the corner of Second and Nun streets. Mr. Smith has kindly tendered his residence to the committee to be used for this occasion. Those invited to attend this meeting are the city officials, including the Mayor, Aldermen, Board of Audit and Finance, etc., representatives of business organizations, railroad companies, members of the city press, U. S. engineers and army officers, Marine Hospital and Cape Fear Club officers and others.

Luncheon is to be served and there will be music by the Italion band.

On Thursday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock there will be a ladies' reception tendered in honor of the two visiting heroes at the Cape Fear Club. All the ladies of the city are invited to call during the hours named. No formal invitations will be extended. Carriages will be provided at the club to carry any ladies home who may call, so that none may hesitate to call on account of not having an escort. It is not known how long the visitors will remain in the city.

When the gunboats come in to the port to-morrow morning all the steamboats on the river, all the manufacturing establishments, etc., are requested to blow their whistles and the bells about the city are to be rung. The captains of all the ships in port are requested to stray their vessels in full dress.

There remains still much work to be done by the committee. Those present last night were Col. Walker Taylor, Ensign H. L. Miller and Lieutenant McIlhenny. Others present were Commander Geo. L. Morton and Mr. Ed Lattimer.

OPEN AIR SERVICE.

Mormon Elders Created Some Interest on Market Street Last Night.

Market street near its intersection with Front was the scene of rather a novel spectacle last evening about 7 o'clock. From the grassy mound in the middle of the street, Elders R. A. Bolin and Lewis Swinson, of the Mormon Church, were conducting an open air service to a scattered crowd on each of the sidewalks. Very little interest, however, was created and the crowd was quite small. The discourse of Elder Swinson, who did most of the talking, was not abusive, and lasted for more than half an hour. Elder Bolin stated to a STAR reporter that they were originally from Utah, but that they came here Thursday from Mt. Olive and would probably remain here all winter. He further stated that a little later other elders would join them and that they hoped to establish a church here.

They propose to hold open air meetings each night in different parts of the city.

Men's Clothing at 25 to 40 Per Cent. Discount.

Overcoats, $6 to $20; Suits, $6 to $30; Pants, $2 to $7.50; made to order. Any up-to date style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postal card telling your needs answered in person at points on S. A. L. in North Carolina, and measure taken by Agent American Woollen Mills Co., Box 305, Maxton, N. C. †

The Real Santa Claus,

that can cater to the tastes of every one, is the Grocer who has the best assortment of good things for the Yuletide feast. You will find the highest grade Canned Table Delicacies, Relishes, Plum Puddings and other toothsome morsels galore in our choice stock. Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, and Candies you will find of the best, at prices that defy competition. Try us.

Respectfully,

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
de 13 tf

WILL SELECT POLICEMEN.

Board of Aldermen and Police Committee Will Choose Members of Permanent Force To-night.

The police committee, composed of Aldermen Taylor, Skelding and Sprunt, held an informal meeting in the Mayor's office at the City Hall last night for the purpose of examining the various applications for the permanent police force. In addition to this, they also had the applicants to appear in person, in order that the committee should be better able to make the selections.

All the applications are made on a blank furnished by the city and besides the result of the physician's examination, it also contains the endorsement of at least three responsible citizens as to the moral character, worth, etc., of the person who is applying.

While quite a number of persons who are not at present acting as officers have made applications, a STAR reporter learned from a member of the committee last night that applications would be considered only from those who now compose the temporary force. The number of men that will be required for permanent duty has not yet been decided upon, but the matter will finally be settled and the appointments made at the special session of the board of Aldermen to-night.

The police committee is sparing no pains in furnishing themselves with all the information possible concerning the men and their qualifications for police duty and will without a doubt select only the very best men for the position.

VALUABLE TESTIMONIALS.

The Fifth Street Methodist Congregation Present Gifts to Their Retiring Pastor and His Family.

Sunday was a notable day with the congregation of Fifth Street Methodist Church. It was the day of leave-taking between pastor and people. The retiring pastor, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, his wife and Mrs. Bowen, Mrs. Cunninggim's sister, were each presented with valuable gifts in testimony of the high esteem in which they are held. A gold-headed cane and a gold pen and pencil were given to Rev. Mr. Cunninggim; the first in the name of the Oxford League, and the second by the Ladies' Aid Society. Mrs. Cunninggim was given a very fine china clock by her Sunday school class. Also a silver waiter by the Ladies' Aid Society. Mrs. Bowen was given a handsome painting by the Oxford League. The presentations took place during the Sunday school.

At night Rev. Mr. Cunninggim delivered his farewell sermon which was highly complimented by all who heard it.

Rev. R. C. Beaman, retiring Presiding Elder, preached his farewell sermon at Fifth Street church at 11 A. M. and at Grace church at night. Both were able and appropriate sermons.

ASSAULTED CART DRIVER.

Negroes Attacked White Man Because He Was a Democrat.

Mr. E. J. Dale, a driver of one of the city trash carts, had an exciting experience over in "Brooklyn" about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

He was returning from a visit outside of the city limits where he had dumped a load of trash, when a squad of five negroes, one of whom was intoxicated, at Fourth and Bladen streets, insultingly asked him what he had to sell. Mr. Dale replied that he had nothing to sell, that it was a city cart he was driving.

The negroes then began abusing him for being a Democrat, using the vilest epithets and three of them went so far as to jump on his cart as if to do him violence. They came one at a time, however, and with the vigorous use of a pitchfork, Mr. Dale managed to knock them off and drive his cart to the City Hall.

He says he did not recognize any of the negroes and that if they are satisfied with the outcome of the fray he will be content to let them go without prosecution.

IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL SERVICE.

Interment of Mrs. Florence C. Dukes' Remains in Bellevue Cemetery Sunday.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Florence C. Dukes was conducted from the residence, No. 511 Bladen street, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. G. D. Langston, assisted by Rev. A. P. Tyer, pastor of Grace M. E. Church.

After the services at the residence the remains were carried to Bellevue cemetery, where in the presence of friends and relatives of the family the interment was made.

Mrs. Dukes leaves a husband, Mr. Benj. F. Dukes, a well known citizen of Wilmington, and two small children, who have the sympathy of many friends in the irreparable loss which they have suffered.

Vollers & Hashagen,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Cured Hog Products, Lard, Canned Meats, &c.

OUR PURE HOG'S LARD IS UNEXCELLED.

We sell Renown Cigars, Cuban Blossom, Topical Twist,

ALSO, HIGH GRADE 10c GOODS.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO FROM CITY OR COUNTRY,

AND PRICES REASONABLE.

Warehouse and Office Nutt street, A. C. L. crossing. de 1 tf

Send Us Your X-mas Cakes for Baking

BAKED AT ONCE WITHOUT STANDING.

Farris' Vienna Steam Oven

BAKES PERFECTLY.

At Palace Bakery.

de 13 tf

The Second Series of Stock

IN THE

Co-operative Building and Loan Association

will open for payment of dues Saturday, Dec. 17, 1898, at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer.

WALKER TAYLOR, President.
W. A. JOHNSON, Vice President.

Directors—Walker Taylor, W. A. Johnson, Geo. L. Peschau, Jno. D. Bellamy, DuB Cutlar, Jr., D. O'Connor, W. E. Worth, E. S. Willard, S. A. Schloss, B. C. Moore, C. H. Fore, I. M. Bear.

THOS. H. WRIGHT, Sec'y and Treas., de 4 4t su tu 114 Princess street.

Horses.

Now on hand and will have throughout the season a full line of

Drivers, Saddlers, Heavy Draft and Farm Horses.

and will sell for cash as cheap as any firm in the State. All stock guaranteed as represented or money cheerfully refunded.

L. W. BATES,

de 10 tf 203-210 Market street.

Christmas Goods.

10,000 Oranges,
3,000 Cocoanuts,
50 Boxes L. L. Raisins,
25 Bbls. Baldwin Apipes,
50 Pails Mixed Candy,
50 Boxes Stick Candy,
100 Boxes Penny Candy,
100 Boxes Crackers,
200 Bbls. Flour, Sacks & Bbls.

Also lots of other goods. We only ask for a call or write for prices.

LOVE & FLYNN,

Wholesale Grocers, Wilmington, N. C. de 11 1m

Taylor's Bazaar,

118 Market Street.

SANTA CLAUS' HEADQUARTERS.

WILMINGTON, N. C., DEC. 13, 1898.

TO THE LITTLE CHILDREN:

I have a nice little Postoffice built at Taylor's Bazaar, where you can write me a letter telling me what you want. I shall not be there for a week, but you can take Mamma to see the Office. In a few days I shall be there every day after school to get your letter. Write me a big one, and I shall get it.

Tell your little friends, but I do not want bad Children to write to me, as I do not like them.

de 13 tf SANTA CLAUS.

Butter, Butter.

22 Tubs Fox River Butter.
40 Boxes Raisins,
35 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
5500 C. C. Nuts.
75 Boxes Candy.
100 Boxes Firecrackers.

Also, Cheese, Crackers, and all other goods in my line.

D. L. GORE,

de 9 tf 120, 122 and 124 N. Water street.

DWELLING FOR RENT.

HOUSE on northeast corner Tenth and Princess streets, four rooms and kitchen. Everything in good order. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent. de 13 tf

FOR RENT.

HOUSE on Princess between Seventh and Eighth streets. Seven rooms. Modern improvements. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent. de 13 3t

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

110 North Water Street.

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

LYE, SOAP, STARCH, MAHOGANY TOBACCO.

50 Boxes Fresh L. Cakes. All kinds of Produce handled on Commission. oc 18 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hope Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13.

CALLING A HALT.

Negro indignation meetings still continue to be held in the North, but the sable agitators who vocalize, resolve and otherwise figure in them are not meeting with a responsive echo from the better class of negroes in the South, nor from their so-called friends in the North. The fact is that the negroes who heave been running this speech making business have run it in a way to disgust the better class of Southern negroes and their Northern white friends. It may be incidentally observed that very few of these white friends have participated in there meetings, or shown any interest in them.

As showing what sensible Southern negroes think of this kind of agitation, and how they differ from those bumptious Northern negroes who talk loudly and boldly at long distance, we have published the utterances of a number of Southern negroes, representatives of their race and qualified by position and education to speak for it, and to give it counsel. A few days ago in commenting upon some fool utterances by the negro Congressman from the Second district of this State after he had arrived at Washington we published a short editorial from the Newbern department of the Kinston *Searchlight*, a negro organ, in which the editor spoke of the folly of such meetings and such speeches and resolutions, which he declared were doing the Southern negroes more harm than good. He is not the only negro who thinks and talks that way, and we have no doubt that if the question were put to the sensible negroes of the South nine out of ten of them would say that they do more harm than good.

The Mobile *Weekly Press* is a negro paper, published and edited by negroes for negroes. We do not see it, but find in the Washington *Post* an extract from an editorial which condemns these meetings and thus calls a halt on the rattlebrains who are running them:

"The negroes of the North, far away from the mass of the race need to stop, halt, think. Their mass meetings in the North denouncing the whites of the South as murderers, lynchers, &c., and speaking of 'white women with negro blood in their veins' is calculated to make trouble for us, and no end of it. For every one white negro hater who believes in lynching and negro oppression in general, we have fifty who never lose an opportunity to help the negro to come up to the white man's civilization. These speech-makers would never think of coming down here and telling these white people these things; they would not send a dollar down here to help educate and elevate the race: they would not come down here if the occasion required it and shoulder a gun for us; they would not lodge an oppressed negro from the South in their house for a week, and, in fact, they are not calculated to do us any good whatever, but cause no end of trouble.

* * * * * *

"These gatherings North and wholesale denunciations are read by the white people who are friendly to us and never by the negro hater. These friends are getting cold toward us and instead of these meetings doing us good, they are making our best friends among the whites cold, indifferent, and surely causing bad blood to exist. Just as there are successful colored men in business in Mobile there are thousands all over the South, and with barely an exception all of us are more or less stimulated and helped to success by the white men. In our undertaking business many and many a dollar has been put in our hands by white men who could have put them in the hands of our white competitors, and there is hardly an instance where a colored man now enjoying success could not be crowded to the wall if the white race so decided. These people may think all right by their proceedings, but they are accomplishing no good, and as a man who stood a thousand chances for his life in defense of the rights of the race, to their none, we say stop it."

As a statement of fact as to the friendly relations in the South between the races, when the negro by his conduct does not forfeit the friendship of the white man, this is the unvarnished truth, and as a rebuke to these firebrands who at a safe distance would stir up strife, it is cutting. If, as a result of such agitation and incendiary counsel, trouble came to the Southern negroes, they would, as the Mobile editor remarks, find very little assistance from these advisers, who would find the dens, the shops, the places where they carry hash, shine shoes, &c., much more congenial to their inclinations than a venture Southward under such circumstances. As an aggregation of pestiferous rattlebrains they are about on a par with the fraud Manly, whose cause they have been espousing.

As a companion piece to that from the Mobile negro organ, the *Post* publishes a much more scathing one from the Iowa *State Register*, one of the leading Republican organs of that State and section, in which the editor thus pays his respects to Manly and the negroes who are lionizing a jackal:

"The degraded and vicious scoundrel who wrote that editorial should have died at the end of a rope, no matter whether he was white or black, but the brute who wrote it is now posing as a martyr, notwithstanding his low and degraded mind is responsible for the murder of some eight or ten innocent negroes! There should be no difference in races in regard to the punishment of crime, nor in the passage of resolutions. The scoundrel who wrote: 'The women of that race (the white race) are not any more particular in the matter of clandestine meetings with colored men than are the white men with colored women' knew that he was writing a falsehood for which he should be compelled to suffer a violent death. That statement is false as to white women and black men and as to black women and white men, and no man, white or black, should be permitted to live in any community where he has published such degraded and vicious statements as to white or black women. Every intelligent person knows that both white and black men are vastly more degraded and vicious than black and white women. The negroes who hold public meetings to pass resolutions know that that statement is true, and they should be sufficiently fair and just to denounce Editor Manley's vile and false screed in the same resolutions in which they condemn the murders caused by the editorial.

"Nothing can be gained by denouncing the vicious and degraded men of another race and attempting to shield the chief criminal because he is of the same race of the people holding the public meetings. The Wilmington editor is the chief criminal in the murders at that place, for he was the author of the editorial which caused the destruction of his printing office and plant and consequent murder of eight or ten innocent negroes. Yet that cowardly scoundrel and falsifier escaped punishment, and not one word is said against his base action in any resolutions adopted, notwithstanding the fact that any man, white or black, who prints such statements as to white or black women should be compelled to suffer violent death."

This is pretty vigorous talk from a Republican organ, but it is the talk of a man who in his indignation, chafing under the insult to the women of his race, rises above the partisan and talks like the *man*. He believes that the miserable, cowardly fugitive who sneaked away on the first scent of danger was too mildly dealt with, and that he should have met with "a violent death." There were people down this way who thought so, too, but they were held under control and instead of wreaking summary vengeance on the culprit he was given warning and time not only to leave himself, but to remove his property, the first of which he did with promptness and dispatch, without further notice, and put himself beyond harm's reach, the second of which he failed to do, but left his property to be defended by others, if defended at all. Had he removed that property when he took his own person out of reach, he would not now be posing as a martyr and hero.

The *Register* rightly holds him responsible for the death of the negroes who fell in that conflict—fell, but were not *murdered*, as it calls their killing. There wasn't one of them killed who didn't invite the shots that killed him by firing the first shots at men who were sent to preserve the peace and prevent bloodshed. They defied the law, defied the men who were on duty to preserve it, fired into the preservers of the peace and paid the penalty of their folly. That was not murder, it was shooting defiers of authority to preserve the peace, maintain the law and prevent murder.

It seems to us that if these Northern negroes who are making themselves conspicious, ridiculous and disgusting by their performances in these meetings have any sense at all, they would when they see how their ravings are being received by sensible Southern negroes and by white Republicans in the North come to a halt without being called very often.

NOT MUCH USE FOR IT.

The cotton manufacturing industry of New England has been suffering from depression for some time, and this is said to be the reason why some of the manufacturers of that section favor the acquisition of the Philippines, which they think would make an increased demand for their goods, and give them a larger market.

In discussing the Philippines from a trade standpoint, a short while ago, we remarked that the demand for goods in those islands would be very small, because the people wear but little and cheap clothing, principally of a quality in which there is little profit, and which in consequence of the cost of transportation there would be still less. A two or three dollar suit meets the requirements of the average well-to-do person, while the suit of one of the masses would not cost a fourth of that. One of the New England manufacturers sized up the prospective demand pretty well when he said "a yard of cloth covered a whole family."

But even then we would have to compete with English manufacturers, who would use Egyptian cotton and cotton grown in India, and have mills both in India and in China, which would give them the advantage in the distance for transportation, if not in the cost of the raw material. The only way we could protect our manufacturers from that competition would be by such tariff duties as would keep foreign manufacturs out, and this would raise the cost so high that we would find sale for very little of the goods sent to those markets. The people there may possibly be educated into wearing more and better clothing, but it will take time to do that and a very material improvement in their condition. In the meantime New England manufacturers need not build high hopes on the Philippines.

NOW FOR THE SENATE.

The signing of the Paris treaty between this country and Spain turns the matter over to the Senate and throws the responsibility upon it of accepting or rejecting. We have no doubt that the Senate will ratify, for although there may be Senators who do not entirely approve of all the features of the treaty, and others who do not believe that the acquisition of those islands, even without paying $20,000,000 for them, was a wise thing to do, still they will look on it as case of choosing between two evils, making the best of a bad bargain, and will choose the lesser and vote for confirmation with the hope of ultimately finding some way out of the predicament.

To reject the treaty now would practically put things where they were when the armistice was agreed upon, necessitating the keeping up of the army, and the navy on a war footing. Other nations may become tired of this protracted uncertainty from which their commercial interests suffer more or less, and thus we might possibly become involved with some of them, in addition to which it might encourage the leaders of the insurgents who would still feel that they had Spain to fight and would therefore continue to recruit their armies and make themselves stronger

There are a great many contingencies to be looked at and guarded against and this is the view that some of the Senators who do not entirely approve of the treaty will take of it and therefore vote for its ratification as the shortest way out of what might become a very embarrassing position.

ADVERTISING THEIR FOLLY.

There are some Republicans in this State who seem to entertain the hope that they could by eliminating the negro build up a white Republican party that would be able to cope with the Democratic party. And there are others who think they could draw the line on the colored brother, and give him the privilege to vote the Republican ticket but with the distinct understanding that he must never aspire to office of any kind, large or small. They propose to keep the colored brothers in, to utilize their votes, but when it comes to the spoils, they must not look for any of there.

This would be a very convenient way to dispose of the negro question as far as the party is concerned, but it would not take very well with the colored brother, who might ask himself the question what particular reason there was why the negro should continue to vote with a party which thus, after so many years of association, draws the color line on him and shoves him to the rear? Of course they never profited much in the way of office-holding from that party, for they were confined to the smallest offices and to the counties or districts where they were in the majority, but this arrangement would cut them out of that and give the few white Republicans in those counties or districts the offices which negro votes would win.

Eliminating the negro has not built up a Republican party in any of the Southern States in which he has been eliminated, and there is no better reason why it should do it in North Carolina than in any of those. Republicans who talk that way simply advertise their folly.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than R. R. BELLAMY, who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in his line for his many customers. He now has the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free, or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranted to cure or price refunded. †

Pains in the chest when a person has a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatened attack of pneumonia. This same treatment will cure a lame back in a few hours. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Marion *Messenger*: So far as the returns are in, Mr. P. W. Pattou clerk of the court, takes the premium as a pork producer. His hog ended its existence Wednesday after having attained a dressed weight of 659 pounds; the lard from entrails weighed 42 pounds; total, 701 pounds.

— Statesville *Mascot:* There is a movement on foot among some of our people to import white servant girls here. The negro cooks and house servants are becoming so unreliable that they cannot be depended upon. —— Mrs. E. Bruce Franley, of Williamsburg, Union Grove township, gave birth to triplets last Friday. All three were boys and one of them died shortly after birth. The other two are doing nicely, and together they weigh thirteen pounds. —— Mr. R. I. York, of Union Grove township, made this year 1,250 pounds of seed cotton on 1¼ acres of land or 1000 pounds to the acre. When Mr. York's lititude is considered this is a remarkable yield. It consists only recently that cotton has been grown at all in Union Grove, that locality being 20 miles north of Statesville and near the Brushy Mountains.

— Raleigh *Post*: Mr. J. H. Mills, the well known philanthropist, is lying hopelessly ill at his home in Thomasville, this State. His work in North Carolina is widespread, having established the two first orphan asylums, and under his care thousands of poor children have gone forth in the world useful men and women. He has been a noted educater and journalist. He was born in Halifax county, Virginia, and is one of the most forceful men of this State. He is a leading Mason and a prominent Baptist, and the intelligence of his illness will send sorrow to many homes throughout the South. —— Dr. A. B. Cates, a prominent druggist of Burlington, committed suicide Friday morning by taking a dose of strychnine. He was in his store, taking an inventory of stock, when he walked from behind the prescripton stand and fell. He told his son to let him alone that he was dying. He was dead in five minutes from the time he swallowed the poison. He had been drinking for some time, and this, together with financial and domestic trouble, is believed to have caused him to take his life. He was about 45 years old and was highly respected.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The report of British commerce for November, showing an increase in imports of $4,515,000 and an increase in exports of $230,000, is in strong contrast to that made by the United States; but Britain will, perhaps, console herself with the reflection that she has the bulk of our carrying trade, both ways.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— The fact that Senator Gray, though radically opposed to annexation or imperialism, feels bound to vote for ratification of the treaty taking over to ourselves Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands, when the matter shall come up in the Senate, because he is one of signers of the treaty as a Peace Commissioner, shows that Mr. Hoar is wise in his day and generation in holding that senators should not be appointed on commissions.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— It seems that the Scotch coal mine owners have agreed to unite, and the dispatch from Glasgow speaking of it, says that "it is one of the most important business arrangements of the year, and one which will strengthen the hands of the coal owners immeasurably." So it will, because it will put an end to competition and force the consumer to pay the price demanded. But, as there is no tariff on coal imported into Great Britain, the consumer's case is not as hopeless as it is here, where tariff shuts out foreign competition and the trusts kill the domestic.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Badger, are you in favor of the open door policy?" "Yes; but not anywhere around this office."

— She: "It requires money to get into society nowadays." He: "Yes, and it requires brains to keep out of it."—*Truth.*

— "Pa, what is a scheme?" "I can't define it, my son: but it is something that will fall through quicker than anything else on earth."—*Tit-Bits,*

— Teacher—"What is salt: Thomas? Can you tell me?" Thomas—"Please, sir, it's what spoils the potatoes if you don't put it in to boil with them."—*Brooklin Life.*

— "I'm sorry the golf season has closed." "Why." "It is better to have people go and play the game than to have them sit around and talk about it."—*Chicago News.*

—Mystery—"Robert, dear, how do you suppose those dozens and dozens of empty bottles ever got into the cellar?" "Why, I dont know, my dear, I never bought an empty bottle in my life."—*Harlem Life.*

— "Talking about the play of 'Hamlet' with Hamlet left out," soliloquized the melancholy looking individual, "there are times when the omission would be a decided boon." He had just attended an amateur performance.—*Puck.*

— In Ancient Greece—The Disciple—"And you teach that we should bear pain and trouble without complaint? I don't think I could do that." The Stoic Philosopher—"Nobody expects you to do it. That is merely our platform."—*Puck.*

— The Woman in Black—"He's her third, you know, but she really blushed like a young girl all through the ceremony." The Woman in Mauve, Yellow and Green—"I don't wonder. Just look what she was marrying!"—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— They had been talking of the war hero. "When he passed through our town," said the blonde triumphantly, "I kissed him." "Quite likely," answered the brunette, "but I never have found it necessary to take the initiative in such matters."—*Chicago News.*

A REMEDY for Nasal Catarrh which is drying and exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. What is needed is that which is cleansing, soothing, protecting and healing. Such a remedy is Ely's Cream Balm. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it. The Balm when placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. A cold in the head vanishes quickly. †

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

REVEALED IN A DREAM.

A Vision of a Gold Mine That In Reality Came to Pass.

To dream of a gold mine in a distant part of the country and from such data to locate the claim among hundreds of others is a piece of luck that the oldest prospector would hardly dare to hope for.

Yet a woman living 200 miles from that El Dorado known to the outer world as Cripple Creek, following the dictates of a seven times repeated vision, has succeeded in doing this very thing, and is today operating one of the most successful mines in the whole district.

Seven consecutive times did Mrs. Law dream of the same place. In each vision appeared a tall pine, towering above the surrounding forest, and a deep ravine, with a stream of silvery water winding through it, deep sunk between two mountains. These mountains seemed characteristic of the country. They were abrupt peaks rising high above the surrounding foothills, outlined gray and cold against a bright blue sky. But what mountains they were, or what direction to take to find them, Mrs. Law had no idea.

A pleasure journey took her through Colorado. The way was long, and the trip across the seemingly eternal flat lands had become almost intolerable, when suddenly, as the train was entering the foothills, as the glanced through the car window, there arose before her astonished gaze, clear and distinct against the blue Colorado sky, the familiar twin mountains of her vision. As the train pursued its sinuous way there appeared before her waking eyes the valley which she had seen so often in sleep, and through the center flowed the silvery belt of water which had become so familiar.

"'Tis the land of my dreams, my El Dorado!" exclaimed Mrs. Law. "Gold is there, and I know it." Her exclamations excited some comment among the passengers, but no one thought seriously about it. But some weeks later Mrs. Law, accompanied by two friends and her husband—who had ceased to be skeptical—appeared on a buckboard in the vicinity of what is now the outskirts of Cripple Creek, and with a determination not to be daunted by difficulties staked out a claim in the valley.

Mrs. Law was now able to organize a company, incorporated under the name of the Dream Lode Mining company. It was formed entirely of women, and a woman lawyer was employed to see that it was duly credited in Kansas City with 200,000 shares at $1 each.—Philadelphia Press.

The Trials of the Czar.

It is certain that the czar cannot possess his father's iron constitution, and certain, too, that he is and if the present system endures he must remain terribly overworked. It is not only that he must do work, sedentary work with papers, for eight or ten hours a day, like an English barrister or physician in great practice, but that the kind of work is so exhausting to the nerves. It is bad enough to be viceroy of India, with 200 or 300 executive orders to sign in a week, 10 per cent of which may "make" or nearly ruin individuals, but a viceroy is protected from doing too much harm by immutable laws, customs and responsibilities to the ultimate home authority. The "supreme order" of the czar, as it is called, has the force of law, cannot in numerous cases be dispensed with, and in others almost as numerous affects great interests, great political movements or the fate of persons to whom enormous powers are necessarily intrusted.

Every such order requires an effort of the mind. People talk of autocrats as if they were necessarily demons, but in reality they are men of business, harsh or gentle as temperament may incline, but still most anxious that their policy or administration or special fad should succeed and increase either the dignity or the happiness of the empire they are set to rule. It is almost impossible for a man in weak health to fill such a post without occasionally breaking down, and as every breakdown is for many purposes an interregnum reports as to the czar's health are studied and invented, as in England are reports that the majority is revolting. Some of them may be true or all of them may be false, but none of them can be trusted unless confirmed by official or professional admissions.—London Spectator.

A Migratory Journal.

The new journalism is not confined to America. Two young Frenchmen, members of the "fourth estate," arrived in this city early last week on a tour of the world, which is a rather unusual example of journalistic enterprise. They are MM. J. Leroy and H. Papilland, who left Paris two years ago without a cent in their pockets and have supported themselves throughout the tour by professional work. In each considerable city where they stop they issue an edition of a paper called En Route, the business and editorial offices of which are located "in the world." It is a ten page paper, copiously illustrated from photographs which they take by the way, and it contains articles describing their tour printed in French, in the vernacular of the country in which the issue is published and, in the case of East Indian, Japanese and Chinese cities, in English also. The paper is quite a journalistic curio. The publishers have received generous support from advertisers in all countries, and they state that their circulation ranges from 5,000 to 10,000 copies.—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Korean Family Shrine.

The rooms of a Korean woman are as sacred to her as a shrine is to its image —indeed, the rooms of a wife or mother are the sanctuary of any man who breaks the law. Unless for treason or for one other crime he cannot be forced to leave those rooms, and, so long as he remains under the protection of his wife and his wife's apartments he is secure from the officers of the law and from the penalties of his misdemeanors.

Business Principles.

Tradesman—Now that our business is looking up I suppose you can pay that little bill of mine?

Capitalist—My dear man, do you know what you are talking about? I can get interest on all the money I can get hold of now. To pay you would be actually throwing money away. I'm surprised that you should think of such a thing. But, then, I suppose you do not understand business principles.—Boston Transcript.

Two Pointed Questions Answered.

What is the use of making a better article than your competitor if you can not get a better price for it?

Ans.—As there is no difference in the price the public will buy only the better, so that while our profits may be smaller on a single sale they will be much greater in the aggregate.

How can you get the public to know your make is the best?

If both articles are brought prominently before the public both are certain to be tried and the public will very quickly pass judgment on them and use only the better one.

This explains the large sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The people have been using it for years and have found that it can always be depended upon. They may occationally take up with some fashionable novelty put forth with exaggerated claims, but are certain to return to the one remedy that they know to be reliable, and for coughs, colds and croup there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

MASTODONS IN ALASKA.

Indians Say That These Monsters Are Still Roaming About There.

The Alaska News prints a story which ought to be of interest to scientists, and which, if it is true, will go one step farther to prove to us that wonders never cease.

According to this yarn, the journal in question has learned of the existence of living mastodons near the headwaters of White river, the Stick Indians positively asserting that not later than five years ago such animals had been seen by them.

One of the Indians said that while hunting one day in that unknown section he came across an immense track, sunk to a depth of several inches in the moss, and from the description as the Indian marked it out to him in the sand it much resembled an elephant's track and was larger around than a barrel.

Upon striking it the Indian followed up this curious trail, which to all appearances was very fresh, and, tracking from one immense stride to the other for a distance of some miles, he came in full view of his game.

The hunter gave one look, then turned and fled as though pursued by the evil one. These Indians, as a class, are the bravest of hunters, and, with no other weapon than the spear, will attack and slay the St. Elias grizzly. But the immense proportions of this new kind of game both startled and filled the hunter with great fear, and he imagined his only safety led in swift and immediate flight.

He described it as being bigger than a post trader's store, with great shining yellowish tusks and a mouth large enough to swallow him in a single lump.

If such an animal is now in existence, it inhabits a section of very high altitude and one but rarely visited by human beings, and these only Indians. What lends a certain credibility to the Indian's tale is that at no very distant period the Yukon country was inhabited by these animals, and hundreds of their massive skeletons were found strewn along the creeks.

How to Look Good.

Good books are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		7 @	7¼
Standard		7½@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔		12 @	12¾
Sides ℔ ℔			8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		6¼@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		5½@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		6 @	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M		5 00 @	7 00
Northern		9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔		15 @	18
Northern		18 @	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		46 @	47
Virginia Meal		47 @	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		80 @	87
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm		18 @	25
Adamantine		8 @	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory		10½@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra		12 @	16
Rio		7½@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns ℔ bunch		18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		17 @	18
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel		22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.		11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel		16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.		8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel		13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		4 00 @	4 35
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg		3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		5 @	10
" Extra		4 35 @	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight		3 75 @	4 00
First Patent		4 50 @	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔		7½@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	f0
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	46
Oats, from store		40 @	45
Oats, Rust Proof		40 @	45
Cow Peas		20 @	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay		@	75
Rice Straw		40 @	65
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		13½@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern		5 @	7
North Carolina		6 @	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel		1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed		18 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank		15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality		13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned		18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n		14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads		12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels		14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels		12 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		1 60 @	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		10 50 @	11 00
Rump		10 50 @	11 00
Prime		@	10 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔		10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		75 @	80
American		70 @	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M		5 00 @	6 50
Common		1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps		2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		5⅝@	5⅜
Standard A		@	5¾
White Extra C		5¼@	5½
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		3¾@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W O. barrel		6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill		4 00 @	4 50
Inferior to ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N.C Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart		7 50 @	8 50
" Sap		5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart		4 50 @	5 00
" Sap		4 00 @	4 50
6x24 Heart		6 00 @	6 50
" Sap		5 00 @	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern		1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina		1 00 @	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed		10 @	15

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 13, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

B J Hazard, 373 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Chas D Hall, 375 tons, Lowe, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Fva A Danenhour, 217 tons, Miller, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Melissa Trask, French, 225 tons, Geo Harriss, Son Co.

Julia Elizabeth, Sweeting, 80 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Sarah E Douglas, Higgs, 90 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Gem, Foss, 439 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

D J Sawyer. Kelly, 327 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Hindoustan (Br) 1,849 tons, Flowers, J H Sloan.

Buckingham (Br) Cole, 1,876 tons, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Karoon (Br) Freeman, 1,343 tons, Powers, Gibbs & Co.

Kassala (Br) Brown, 2,497 tons, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Victor (Nor) 614 tons, Ostrik, A S Heide & Co.

GOLD DUST
THE BEST WASHING POWDER

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE. Dec. 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 36¾ cents for machine-made casks and 36¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 97½ cents per bbl for strained and $1.02½ for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.30 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for Dip and $2.00 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 30¼@29¾c; rosin, nothing doing, quoted at $1.15@1.20; tar steady, $1.05; crude turpentine steady, $1.40, $1.90, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	81
Rosin	133
Tar	340
Crude turpentine	101

Receipts same day last year.—54 casks spirits turpentine, 189 bbls rosin, 345 bbls tar, 55 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2 13-16 cts.	to
Good Ordinary	4 3-16 "	"
Low Middling	4 13-16 "	"
Middling	5¼ "	"
Good Middling	5 9-16 "	"

Same day last year middling 5¾c.

Receipts—1,526 bales; same day last year, 1,756.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 45 to 55c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Virginia—Extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c; Spanish. 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 42½ to 47½ cts per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 12.—Money on call steady at 2½@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 484¼@484½ for demand and at 481½@481¾ for sixty days. Posted rates were 482½ and 485½. Commercial bills 480¾. Silver certificates 59½@60½. Bar silver 59½. Mexican dollars 46½. Government bonds strong; U. S. new 3's 106½; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127⅞@128¼; do. coupon, 128@128½; U. S. 4's 111⅜@111⅞; do. coupon, 112¾@113; do. 2's 99⅜; U. S. 5's, registered, 112½@113; do. 5's, coupon, 113½@112⅞. State bonds firm; N. C. 6's 125; do. 4's, 104.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 12.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady at 39½@40c.

CHARLESTON, December 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37c asked; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, December 12.—Spirits turpentine opened at 37c, with sales of 253 casks, and closed firm at 37½c bid, with sales of 167 casks; receipts 466 casks. Rosin firm; no sales; receipts 871 barrels; quotations unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The scope of fluctuations in the cotton market was comparatively narrow,

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Outwitting a Store Detective.

A detective in a well known retail store is engaged in the mental process of kicking himself whenever he thinks of a recent transaction. At a time of day when the store was crowded the detective, who was keeping a sharp lookout for evildoers, was approached by a well dressed, intelligent looking man, who informed him that he was employed as detective in another store and had followed a shoplifter from his firm's store to the present place, where they would find her at the glove counter stealing gloves.

"Let her alone," said the strange detective, "and when she loads up I will follow her home, and we can then make a big haul."

Consent was given to this plan, and the shoplifter stole $200 or $300 worth of goods unmolested. Then she went out, followed by the strange detective. That was the last ever seen of the pair, and the store detective wonders how on earth he was duped so easily.—Philadelphia Record.

He Vindicated His Honesty.

Old Joe Foster, who is a familiar figure around Conshohocken, was elected to make a collection for the burial of a colored friend. It took much perseverance on the part of Joe to raise the amount, but he finally succeeded, and the funeral became an assured fact.

The gossips, however, could not allow the occasion to pass unheeded, and just as the old preacher was in the midst of his discourse Joe overheard the following dialogue between two dusky damsels: "wondah what Mistah Fostah am a-gwine foh to do wif de money dat am left ovah." "I dunno what, but you know Mistah Fostah."

Joe's blood boiled, and in a twinkling he had interrupted the preacher and was calling for the funeral director. "Mistah Undahtakah," he exclaimed, "how much am youah bill?" "Eighty-four dollars," was the reply. "Den please gib me a receipt in full," said Joe as he counted out the money.

After the transaction had been completed, amid much wonderment, Joe approached the two women who had caused all the trouble. "Miss Isabella Johnsing," he said, loud enough for everybody to hear, "heah am yo' dollah back, an, Miss Georgiana Jefferson, heah am yo' dollah. Dat's do two dollahs what was left ovah, an dis am de way Mistah Fostah disposes oh de suhplus." Then the services were allowed to proceed.—Philadelphia Review.

Six Fingered Monkeys.

In several places in Cape Colony and the Orange Free State of South Africa caves have been discovered which yielded hundreds of mummified remains of a queer species of six fingered monkeys. All of the full grown specimens of this remarkable race have the tail situated high up on the back—from three to five inches farther up than on the modern monkey—and other distinguishing marks, such as two sets of canine teeth, beards on the males, etc.

Vicariously.

Hicks—I thought you told me that Bunning was troubled awfully with rheumatism. The man goes everywhere and indulges in all sorts of recreations.

Wicks—Oh, it never troubles him except when he's at home. It's his wife who has the rheumatism.—Boston Transcript.

Queen Elizabeth had red hair, Mary Stuart had fair hair. Lucretia Borgia, Lady Macbeth, Catherine de' Medici, Marie Antoinette, Anne of Austria and the Princess de Lamoalle were all blonds.

The Roman emperor Caligula spent in less than 12 months $118,000,000.

Beware of Imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original & Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

jan 4 1y tu

New Load of

HORSES AND MULES

just arrived, and among them several nice Drivers and Saddlers. Also, a lot of Cheap Mules, which we will sell at a low price.

F. T. MILLS,

Corner Second and Princess streets. Fennell's Stables.

de 3 tf

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

TO ALL

lovers of a luscious Turkey, a prime Roast of juicy Beef, a leg of succulent and tender Lamb or Mutton, Pork, Ham or Bacon. You can make your X-mas dinner a feast by choosing such Choice Poultry as we will lay before our patrons for their X-mas fare. Our Christmas Turkeys will be loo-loos.

I. B. RHODES.

de 11 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.

September Mullets.

se 1 tf

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Johnson & Fore,

WILL OFFER THIS WEEK

Some Special Bargains in New Dress Goods.

PLAIN AND FANCY

Black Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

The Latest in Millinery.

NEW UNDERWEAR.

NEW HOSIERY.

A few French Pattern Hats at Reduced Prices.

no 6 tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have leased the Barber Shop and fixtures of Mr. Arthur Prempert, No. 11 South Front street, where I will be pleased to serve the old patrons of the shop and many new ones. JOHN E. COWELL.

se 2 tf

SELLING BY SIGNAL.

HOW CATTLE ARE DEALT IN AT THE CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

Sitting In Their Saddles, With the Lot Between Them, Seller and Buyer Conclude a Transaction by Raising Their Whips Over Their Heads.

The Chicago stockyards are unique among the great marts of the world. In no other place, say those who are most familiar with its daily routine, is so large an aggregate of business transacted in the language of gestures and without the "scratch of a pen" as in the noisy pens of the stockyards. A whip is held high in air, across a sea of clattering horns the signal is answered by the momentary uplifting of a hand, and a "bunch" of cattle worth thousands of dollars is sold.

There is something splendidly picturesque and even spectacular in these wordless transactions. They ignore the artificialities of the complex system upon which modern business relationships are almost universally maintained. Trade in the cattle pens gets boldly back to primitive simplicity. It is done on honor, not on paper. And the undisputed transfer of millions of dollars' worth of the property here dealt in proves that a bargain sealed with the wave of the whip and an assenting gesture of the hand is quite as safe and sacred as if the whole transaction were recorded "in black and white."

The trader in the wheat pit is armed with his tally card, upon which he pauses to note the names of those with whom he deals and the amount, nature and price of the commodities bought and sold. The broker upon the floor of the Stock Exchange places equal reliance upon the quickly penciled memoranda made at the moment when the details of each transaction were upon the lips of those concerned in its fulfillment; but the buyer and seller of the yards carry whips, not pencils, and their deals are recorded in memory instead of written upon trading cards. As well try to picture the old knights making laborious written memoranda of their challenges as to think of the rough and ready traders of the cattle yards pausing in their saddles to jot down upon paper their purchases and sales. Such a procedure would bid defiance to the very nature of things and do violence to the magnificent unconventionality of every environment.

"Is there never any trouble in this kind of dealing?" a leading commission man was asked.

"If you mean do the men go back on their bargains made by whip and hand, I can answer, never," was the trader's answer as he brought his trim black horse to a halt in the cattle alley and leaned forward in his saddle. "There isn't another place in America, or the whole world, for that matter, where so much business is done on the basis of personal integrity, without a written word to show for the transactions, as right here," he continued, "and the method beats all the bonds on earth. The day's business in these pens will run about $1,500,000. And how is it done? Little talk, a considerable waving of whips and hands and no exchange of written documents between buyers and sellers.

"Here is a bunch of cattle that will figure up about $10,000. Over there in the other alley is a buyer who this morning offered me a price of $5.10 for them. I thought that I could do better, but the market has been a little off, and I have decided to let the bunch go at his offer. Up to the present moment we have exchanged about a dozen words on this subject. Now, if he is willing to pay the price which he named in the morning I'll show you how a $10,000 bunch of fat steers is sold without word of mouth or a scratch of writing at the time the bargain is really made."

The commission man then straightened up in the saddle and waited for the distant buyer to look in his direction. A moment later this representative of a big packing house wheeled his horse about and faced in the direction of the seller. Instantly the commission man lifted high his rawhide riding whip and held it aloft. His attitude was as striking as that of a cavalry colonel uplifting his saber to concentrate the attention of his regiment before making a desperate charge. The pose, however, was full of natural grace and freedom and showed that the man was more at ease in the saddle than he could have been out of it.

Only a moment elapsed before the alert eye of the buyer caught sight of the upraised whip. The next instant he raised his hand a little above his head, held it motionless a moment and then dropped it with a forward movement. Quickly the seller repeated the motion of assent with his whip, and then, turning to his caller, said:

"That's all there is to it. To a stranger this kind of a performance looks like a long range sign talk between deaf mutes, but we understand each other perfectly. We both know how many cattle there are in the bunch and the price at which they have been sold. Had we been within speaking distance of each other the transaction would probably have been a verbal one, just for the sake of sociability, but not because it would have mae the bargain better understood or any more binding."—Chicago Post.

A Coin In the Bottle.

There have been patented all kinds of schemes devised for the purpose of securing a bottle that cannot be refilled after having once been emptied of its contents. A great deal of fraud is said to be perpetrated by filling the bottles of some standard liquor with an inferior grade and palming it off as the original bottling. An ingenious Philadelphian proposes to accomplish this by blowing a coin in the body of the glass bottle, and he thinks that this will be tempting enough to induce some one to break the bottle as soon as it has been emptied.—Philadelphia Record.

Little, but Smart.

A little boy who had a cousin living but three blocks from his home was given permission to stop and play there after school whenever he chose. The tempter soon whispered in Harry's ear that he might go anywhere under the pretense of having been at his cousin's home.

One evening after his mother had heard of her truant boy's wanderings she asked him where he had been since school closed.

"Down to Cousin Alfred's house," he replied.

Then she kindly said: "Harry, mamma knows you have not been there. Now don't tell a lie. Just tell the truth and all will be well." He replied, "How did you find out?" "Oh, a little bird told mamma." After which he pointed his finger with a little gesture of warning and said, "Don't talk to me about lying. Birds can't talk."—Cincinnati Tribune.

Burning Meteors.

It is supposed that meteors begin to burn when they are within about 125 miles of the earth, and that combustion is completed and they disappear at from 35 to 50 miles above the earth. When we see a falling star, therefore, we may consider that we have watched it through a flight of about 100 miles before it finally burns out and disappears from view.

When the Sun Will Burn Up.

That the sun is slowly but surely being consumed by its own fires there is but little doubt. No one can tell, however, to a certainty whether it is or not. Astronomers say that its diameter could be reduced two feet per day for 3,000 years before the finest instruments could detect the fact that any reductions had taken place.

SOCIETY IN SIBERIA.

Hostess and Guests Frequently Retire to the Kitchen to Cook and Eat.

"At one of the grand balls I attended at Krasnoyarsk," writes Thomas G. Allen, Jr., of "Fashionable Siberia," in The Ladies' Home Journal, "I was impressed by the profusion of flowers used in the decoration of the ballroom, and which had been imported from Europe at enormous expense, and also by the importance given to the matter of refreshments. Although there appeared to be about four girls to one man, the male portion of the company spent the greater part of the evening at the buffet, or zokooski table, eating and drinking. The conversation of the women, I found, was most conventional, and one could invariably anticipate the same remarks upon an introduction to a lady. Knowledge of French, which I was surprised to find few could speak, is considered the most graceful feminine accomplishment.

"The kitchen, however, has for the lady of the land a peculiar fascination. Very often while dressed in silks and satins and conversing with her guests a hostess will proceed to fry a 'blin,' or pancake and eat it with the greatest gusto. The other ladies are at liberty to follow the hostess' example if they choose."

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

Judicial Sale of Land for Taxes

Whereas at the September term, 1893, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county it was among other things ordered and adjudged by the Court in a certain cause therein pending wherein the City of Wilmington is plaintiff and Allison Burnett is defendant, that the plaintiff recover of the defendant the sum of $18.49-100 with interest on the sum of $20.00 and the costs of the action, and the said sum was declared to be a lien on the lands and premises hereinafter described. It was further ordered and adjudged by the Court that unless the said sum and costs should be paid by the 21st day of October 1898 that the Sheriff of new Hanover county should sell the lands and premises hereinafter described, at public auction, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said judgment; now, therefore, in obedience to said decree the undersigned, the Sheriff of New Hanover county, will expose for sale, at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, on Monday, the 16th day of January, 1899, at 12.25 o'clock P. M. on said day, the following described tract, lot, or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Wilmington, N. C., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the Eastern line of Seventh street 165 feet South of the Southeastern intersection of Seventh and Ann streets and runs thence Eastwardly and parallel with Ann street 135 feet to the Western line of Wilson street, thence Southwardly along the Western line of Wilson street 33 feet, thence Westwardly and parallel with Ann street 135 feet to Seventh street, thence Northwardly along the Eastern line of Seventh street 33 feet to the beginning, the same being South west quarter of Lot 3 in block 119, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

WALTER G. MacRAE,
Sheriff of New Hanover County.

de 11 6w su

Judicial Sale of Land for Taxes

Whereas, at the September term, 1893, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, it was among other things ordered and adjudged by the Court, in a certain cause therein pending wherein the City of Wilmington is plaintiff and Sampson Haywood is defendant, that the plaintiff recover of the defendant the sum of $34 64 with interest on the sum of $28 01 and the costs of the action, and the said sum was declared to be a lien on the lands and premises hereinafter described. It was further ordered and adjudged by said Court that unless the said sum and costs should be paid by the 21st day of October, 1893, that the Sheriff of New Hanover county should sell the lands and premises hereinafter described at public auction; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said judgment. Now, therefore, in obedience to said decree, the undersigned, the Sheriff of New Hanover county, will expose for sale, at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door of New Hanover county on Monday, the 16th day of January 1899, at 12.50 o'clock P. M. on said day, the following described tract, lot or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Wilmington, N. C., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the Western line of Eleventh street at a point 99 feet North of the Northwestern intersection of Eleventh and Queen streets, and runs thence Westwardly and parallel with Queen street 165 feet, thence Northwardly and parallel with Eleventh street 33 feet, thence Eastwardly and parallel with Queen street 165 feet to Eleventh street, thence Southwardly along the line of Eleventh street 33 feet to the beginning. Same being Northeast quarter of Lot 5 in Block 82 according to the official plan of the City or Wilmington

WALTER G. MacRAE,
Sheriff of New Hanover County.

de 11 6w su

Judicial Sale of Land for Taxes

Whereas, at the September Term, 1898, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county it was, among other things, ordered and adjudged by the Court, in a certain cause therein pending wherein the City of Wilmington is plaintiff and H. A. Bagg is defendant, that the plaintiff recover of the defendant the sum of Ninety and 76-100 dollars, with interest on the sum of Sixty and 76-100 dollars and the costs of the action, and the said sum was declared to be a lien on the lands and premises hereinafter described. It was further ordered and adjudged by said Court that unless said sum and costs should be paid by the 21st day of October, A. D. 1898, that the Sheriff of New Hanover county should sell the lands and premises hereinafter described, at public auction. And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said judgment. Now, therefore, in obedience to said decree, the undersigned, the Sheriff of New Hanover county, will expose for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, on Monday, the 16th day of January, 1899, at 1 o'clock P. M., on said day, the following described tract, lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Wilmington, N. C., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the Eastern line of Sixth street at a point one hundred feet South of the Southeastern intersection of Sixth and Chesnut streets and runs thence Eastwardly and parallel with Chesnut street 110 feet, thence Southwardly and parallel with Sixth street 32 feet, thence Westwardly and parallel with Chesnut street 110 feet to the Eastern line of Sixth street, thence Northwardly and parallel with the Eastern line of Sixth street 32 feet to the beginning point. The same being part of lot 2 in Block 183, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington. Terms of sale cash.

WALTER G. MacRAE,
Sheriff of New Hanover County.

de 11 6w su

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats

tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

Send Us Your Orders

For Fresh Cakes and Crackers, Cheese, New Catch Mullets.

ALSO, MEAT, MEAL, MOLASSES, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

And we will fill at Bottom Prices.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

oc 2 1t

Fraud.

Do not be Humbugged by several dealers here who are offering an inferior Sheet Iron Stove as a "Wilson Heater." We are the exclusive agents for the Wilson here, and you can purchase them from no other concern.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

de 11 tf

Carrying Coals to Newcastle

Would be as unnecessary as looking around Wilmington for any better COAL than you will find right here at this yard. No one can offer you better than the best, and every one in Wilmington knows that

Our Coal is Clean

and well screened, high grade and perfectly satisfactory, and you Can't Beat Us on Prices Anywhere.

WM. E. WORTH & CO.

no 1 tf

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

IS WELL PREPARED

For The Christmas Trade.

The Holiday Season is on hand, and we lead as usual with our large assortment of

Toys, Toys, Toys,

of all kinds. A complete line of Dolls from 5c up to $1.50. A large Bisque Doll, 13 inches long, for 25c. A Bisque Doll that closes its eyes for 35c. Fancy Dressed Dolls from 10c to $1.50. Unbreakable Dolls for 50, 65, 75c and $1.00. In these goods we can suit Mr. Santa Claus to a dot. Wagons, Carts, Horses, Stoves, Guns, Watches, Trains, Doll Carriages, from 25c to $1.00. Express Wagons from 50c to $1.25. Infants' Chairs from 25, 35c to 50c. WOOD TOYS—A nice line of Bureaus, Sideboards, Bedsteads, Cradles, &c., from 25 to 75c. A fine line of fancy hand-made Indian Baskets. These are nice new goods and we sell them at a small profit. They run in price at 10, 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Pretty Bisque Figures, a large lot, good size, at 25 and 50c. Vases, Mugs, Cups and Saucers, handsome Fruit Dishes, Cake Plates, make nice presents and at small expense.

Ladies' Capes & Jackets.

We claim to have the largest line in the city, and notice these prices. A nice heavy braid trimmed Cape for 75c and $1.00. Good fur trimmed Capes for $1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and up to $2.75. Plush Capes from $1.50, 1.75 and up to $5.00 each. A nice Astrican for $1.50. Good box-pleat Cape for $2.00. Ladies' Skirts in beautiful patterns for $1.00, 1.50, 2.00 and up to $3.00. Handsome Silk and Satin Skirts from $4.75 to $8.50.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

de 11 tf Racket Store, Front Street, opposite Orton Hotel.

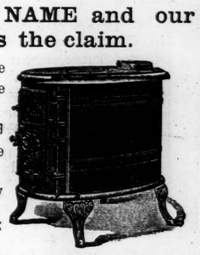
"COMFORTS"

IS OUR NAME and our work maintains the claim.

Ask hundreds of people that are using us and see what they say.

Our COMFORT and BOXWOOD claim to give more heat with less fuel and last longer than any Stove on the market.

Just try us. Don't ask any more than this.



WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

no 6 tf Purcell Building.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

RESULTS, if you Deposit in THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,

$1	a week for 5 years you will have	$ 286
$2	" " " " "	$ 572
$3	" " " " "	$ 858
$4	" " " " "	$1144
$5	" " " " "	$1430
$10	" " " " "	$2860
$15	" " " " "	$4290
$1	for 10 years	$ 687
$2	" " "	$1374
$3	" " "	$1911
$4	" " "	$2548
$5	" " "	$3185
$10	" " "	$6370
$15	" " "	$9555

STEP BY STEP YOU GO A LONG WAY.

de 9tf

Holiday Gifts at

C. W. YATES & CO'S.

You will find a big assortment of everything new and appropriate for

Christmas Giving.

Bric-a-Brac, Fine Gift Books, Newest Novels, Children's Books, Beautiful Pictures, Leather Goods, Kodaks, Fountain Pens, Games and Novelties, Christmas Cards and Calendars, &c., &c.

Everybody invited to call and inspect our stock. Prompt and polite attention.

C. W. YATES & CO.

de 11 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business Dec. 1st, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$659,288 50	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts secured by collateral	10,480 58	Surplus	70,000 00
Overdrafts unsecured	377 33	Undivided profits	19,564 01
U. S. Bonds (at par)	95,600 00	Circulation	40,950 00
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Deposits, U. S. Treasurer	$ 50,000 00
Due from app'd reserve agts	$156,143 52	" from banks	190,307 20
Due from other Banks	$165,220 57	" Individuals	666,502 36-906,769 56
Cash on hand	65,178 27—386,542 16		
Total	$1,162,288 57	Total	$1,162,288 57

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	Dec. 1, '97.	Dec. 1, '98.
Total Deposits	$678,000	$906,700
Surplus and Net Profits	76,100	89,500

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. de 7 tf

For Sale.

One Car-Load Mixed Corn

at Less Than Market Price.

200 Boxes Tobacco.
100 Bags Coffee.
100 Boxes Dried Apples.

and full line of other goods at Bottom Prices

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market street.

oc 9 tf

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocers.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS THIS WEEK.

Fish and Fish Roe,

Butter and Cheese,
Mixed Nuts, Cocoanuts,
Cakes and Crackers.

CANDIES—In Penny goods, Fancy Mixed and Stick. Get our prices before buying.

no 20 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secrets Jan 1 tf

Atlantic Coast Line.

Schedule In Effect Nov. 20, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11 34 A. M., Goldsboro 12.30 A. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4 52 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.5 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.49 P. M., Warsaw 9 08 P. M., Goldsboro 10.00 P. M., Wilson 10.48 P. M., †Tarboro 6.45 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.35 P. M. Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.05 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 5.33 A. M., Washington 7 01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M, Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M., Marion 6 34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M; Augusta 7.35 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.03 P. M., New York *9 00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4 30 A. M., Richmond 9 05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9 00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Hartsville 3.15 P. M., Darlington 3.39 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 8.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 7.00 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.22 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.53 A. M., Magnolia 8.05 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.20 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M., Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 A. M. Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.18 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leave Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11 00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Brapch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9 30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10 10 A. M., 4.05 P. M. Spring, 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11 00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11 22 A. M.; 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.12 A. M., arrive Latta 10.32 A. M., Dillon 10.44 A. M., Rowland 11.01 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.10 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 10.25 A. M., Chadbourn 1.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 11.00 P. M.; leave Conway 2.45 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M.; arrive Hub 6.10 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane 8 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 3.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.20 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Bennettsville 9.15 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.10 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.45 A. M. Bennettsville 7.10 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.02 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.20 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11 15 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M., 12.01 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M. Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 11.01 A. M., Fayetteville 12.25 P. M. 9.40 P. M., Dunn 12.25 P. M., Smithfield 1 48 P. M. Selma 3.50 P. M., 1.55 P. M., arrive Wilson 1.08 P. M., 11.59 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.20 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., Pregnalls 5.37 A. M., arrives Denmark 9 12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4 17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnal's 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.25 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.30 P. M., arrive 4.10 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 18	.....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	9 27	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P M	P M		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents Sold by

For sale by Feb 1 tf B. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13.

DEMONSTRATION IN PARIS.

Anti Dreyfusites Parade the Streets—Tumult in the Chamber of Deputies.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, December 12.—M. Millevoye and the Comte de Ramel, both members of the Chamber of Deputies, headed an anti-Dreyfus demonstration this afternoon. They marched to the Chericho Medi prison, where Col. Picquart is confined, but they were stopped by a cordon of police and were begged to retire.

Thereupon M. Millevoye made a speech during which he said they did not desire a conflict with "these fellows," pointing to the policemen, adding that they had achieved their object of being able to shout "Spit upon Picquart!" who could hear them from the window of his prison.

The crowd then marched to the Hotel Des Invalides, the official residence of General Zurlinden, the military governor of Paris. The doors of Gen. Zurlinden's residence were closed but the crowd gathered outside cheering for the army M. Millevoye harangued his followers, denouncing the "infamous monsters of the Court of Cassation," ending for cheers for the "valiant General Zurlinden, who commands the army," and for "the tricolor flying over the Invalides."

The Comte De Ramel made a similar speech, concluding with saying: "The Court of Cassation is perverting justice, but we will not tolerate it. We are the majority. We are the power and we, patriots, will rise against it." At this the crow cheered frantically and marched to the Chamber of Deputies, where M. M. Millevoye and Ramsel announced that they came to apprise the chamber of "Their indignant protests." The crowd then dispersed.

In the Chamber of Deputies M. Grousset, radical socialist, interpellated the government on the indiscretions of the general staff in the Dreyfus affair. He read extracts from newspaper articles which are alleged to have emanated from members of the general staff which caused a violent uproar, during which the deputies rose and rushed at one another and engaged in a series of fist fights.

A GEORGIA DESPERADO.

Bob Brewer, a Noted Outlaw, aCptured After a Battle With a Sheriff's Posse.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Dec. 12.—Bob Brewer, the noted outlaw, who figured so conspicuously in the "Jesup Riot" ten years ago was captured at Johnston Station last night by a sheriff's posse.

Sheriff Lyons received word where Brewer was and went over to capture him, taking with him deputies Price and Fishback. They were joined by another deputy and proceeded to the house where Brewer had been located. As soon as Brewer became aware of his discovery, he shot and killed Annie Francis, a colored woman he supposed had given him away. Several shots were then fired into the house the by posse and were returned by Brewer.

Brewer then came to the door of the house and started out, but as soon as he opened the door Deputy Sheriff Price shot him with a heavy load of shot, which took effect in his face and arm. Brewer, staggering back, fell, but got up again almost immediately and was then shot in the neck by Sheriff Lyons. He was secured and brought to Savannah to prevent his lynching.

Brewer shot and killed Town Marshal Barnhill and wounded Russell Leggett in the Jesup riot ten years ago, and has been at large since that time. He says he has never been further away from Jesup at any time since the riot than Jacksonville, Fla. No fears are entertained of his being lynched.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Fight at a School Exhibition—One Man Killed and Six Others Wounded—Two Fatally.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Dec. 12.—At a school exhibition near Poca, this county, last night, occurred a terrible tragedy, resulting in the death of one and fatally wounding of five or six others. A crowd of young men attempted to disturb the school exhibition and break up the performance, when the teacher, named Fisher, objected and tried to eject them. They turned on him, and several of the audience coming to his assistance, a fight ensued between the two factions, who have had a long standing feud. Harry Flasher was shot in the heart and died instantly, Henry Carney was shot in the back and is dying, Ralph Jones and two others whose names are not obtainable were fatally shot, Geo. Gibson was shot in the hands, Hazarding had his skull crushed and several others received wounds. No arrests have yet been made.

THREE SOLDIERS KILLED.

Fatal Fight Between Members of the First Florida Regiment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., December 12.—Henry J. Nelligan (cook) and George W. Beverly (bugler), both of Company G, First Florida, were killed last night. Nelligan and Beverly were on bad terms and had a fight in camp. Nelligan drew a knife and stabbed Beverly, who pulled out a pistol and told him to stand back. Nelligan's brother, H. F. Nelligan, seeing Beverly with a pistol in his hand, killed him with a Springfield rifle. Beverly's brother Roy emerged from his tent at this time and saw his brother fall. Thinking he had been killed by the cook, Nelligan, he shot the cook dead.

Private Porter Weisrant, Troop D, Tenth cavalry, was found with a terrible bullet wound in the throat on West Holmes street. He spoke only a few words after he was found. He stated he had been held up by two white soldiers and shot.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DEBATES IN THE SENATE.

Territorial Expansion and the Nicarauga Canal Occupy Attention.

VEST OPPOSES EXPANSION.

Declaring it Unconstitutional—Power of the Federal Government to Acquire Territory Defined—Platt Opposes Vest's Views.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Discussion of two questions, each of interest and importance at this time, was begun by the Senate at its session to day. Territorial expansion and the construction of the Nicaraguan Canal occupied the attention of the body during the greater portion of the afternoon.

As soon as the routine morning business had been disposed of Mr. Vest, Democrat, Missouri, called up his resolution offered last week, declaring it to be unconstitutional for this government to acquire foreign territory except for coaling stations or some like purpose, unless its intention was to confer statehood upon the territory and citizenship upon its inhabitants. Mr. Vest declared that it was a basic principle of this government that "the powers of the government were deprived from the consent of the governed," and maintained that the Federal government had no authority in the constitution to go beyond that principle. He held that the principle had been sustained by the Supreme Court in various decisions, and that no public man of prominence and no recognized tribunal had been reckless enough to controvert it, until within the last six months, "when the craze of expansion seems to have taken possession of the American people."

Purpose of the Expansionists.

Mr. Vest thought it was the purpose of the expansionists to adopt the European system of colonization. He pointed out that Great Britain had in the mother country 120,229 square miles of territory, and in her colonies 16,667,071 square miles. The disproportion of population was about the same.

Mr. Vest maintained that the fundamental principle of this government was the granting of citizenship to all within the jurisdiction of the government, except alone the Indians. He did not believe that anybody would be reckless enough to say that Thomas Jefferson, who penned the words. "All governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed," was not accurate in the light of our constitution.

In the act of the cession of the territory of Louisiana from France to the United States is found a provision that the inhabitants, as soon as possible, shall be made citizens of the United States and the territory of Louisiana be made a State of the United States. So it was, declared Mr. Vest, when Florida was acquired from Spain and when Alaska was obtained from Russia.

A Confederation of States.

"When, where, how," he asked, "have we surrendered the great power that this is a confederation of States? I cannot conceive it to be possible to point out any other form of government under the constitution."

Mr. Vest declared the United States Supreme Court had settled that question for all time. Mr. Vest maintained that the overwhelming argument of the expansionists was that the constitution applies alone to the States of the Union. In favor of what he termed this "monstrous proposition," he said the expansionists quoted Daniel Webster, for whose opinions, he, himself had the highest respect. The argument of Mr. Webster, referred to, had been made in a debate with John C. Calhoun, when slavery was the dominant issue. Mr. Calhoun had maintained that inasmuch as slavery was recognized by the Federal constitution, its extension into the territories acquired by the United States was constitutional. Then it was that Mr. Webster had declared that the constitution applied to the States alone.

"To say," declared Mr. Vest, "that citizens of a territory are excluded from the privileges guaranteed by the bill of rights and are merely the subjects of the arbitrary will of Congress, is a monstrous proposition; but fortunately the Supreme Court has determined that question in many cases."

The Power of Government.

"I do not deny," continued Mr. Vest, "the power of the Federal government to acquire territory but I do deny its power to acquire territory peopled with millions without their consent and with no intention of conferring upon them citizenship. I may be answered that the point is not good, that it may be evaded by the taking in of tracts of lands peopled with barbarians to be held merely for commercial advantages. When the Congress of the United States shall become so degraded as this, it is only a question of time until the end shall come."

"We are a great people," concluded Mr. Vest. "We are told that this country can do anything, constitution or no constitution. We are a great people, it is true, but we cannot do more than another great people did—a people that conquered the world, not with steel ships and modern cannon, but with bare swords and primitive galleys. The colonial system destroyed all hope of republicanism in the old time. It is an appendage of monarchy. It can exist in no free country, because it uproots and eliminates the basis of all republican institutions—that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

"I know not what may be done with the glamour of foreign conquest and greed of the money-making classes of this country. For myself, I would rather quit public life this minute—nay, I would be willing to yield life itself—rather than to give my consent to this fantastic and wicked attempt to revolutionize our government, and to substitute the principles of our hereditary enemy for the teachings of Washington and his associates."

Platt Makes Some Remarks.

Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, in expressing the hope that Mr. Vest would not ask for immediate action upon his resolution, said he desired to offer some remarks upon it, but was not prepared to day to do so. He did not, he said, acquiesce in the law as stated by the Missouri Senator. He believed that the power to acquire territory was inherent, and the nation was not subject to limitation. In the remarks he proposed to submit he would endeavor to establish this belief. He thought it perfectly evident that if the United States, in fighting a war, came in possession of territory, the progress of its army and navy could not be stopped until the constituted authorities should declare whether it was the purpose of the government to hold the acquired territory with the ultimate intention of conferring statehood upon its inhabitants.

In response to an inquiry by Mr. Hoar, Mr. Platt declared that the power of the government to acquire territory was full and plenary. To this proposition, unless it were accompanied by a declaration as ot the purpose of the government with respect to the territory acquired, which purpose should be within the power of the constitution to confer, Mr. Hoar said he desired to enter his emphatic dissent.

The Nicaragua Canal.

Mr. Morgan opened the debate on the Nicaragua canal bill with a three hour appeal for action at this session. The whole country, he said, would be disappointed if Congress did not act. He was willing to take any measure which would result in the building of the canal.

A question was raised as to the language regarding the neutrality of the canal in case the United States were at war with a country. Mr. Morgan said that the language of the bill specifically excepted such a case.

Mr. Hoar suggested that the clause relating to the neutrality of the canal should be amended so as to read: "Except as to nations at war with the United States."

Mr. Morgan said he would accept the amendment. No Senator should vote against the bill on this account.

During the day Mr. Hoar, Massachusetts, and Mr. Hale, Maine, presented resolutions of citizens of their States, remonstrating against the extension of American sovereignty over the Philippine islands, and against the acquisition of foreign territory without the consent of the people of such territory. The resolutions were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Pettigrew introduced a bill authorizing A. A. Bartlett to raise the battleship Maine and transport it to the United States.

The Senate at 5.10 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House spent the larger part of the day on District of Columbia affairs.

The bill to relieve the condition of American seamen was taken up, but nothing was accomplished. Mr. Payne, (Republican, New York) explained that the bill would do away with some of the evils of the allotment system, under which seamen have been defrauded of their earnings; the punishment of sailors by imprisonment is greatly lessened; masters are required to ship a full complement of men; the food which the men are to receive is stated, and punishment by flogging is abolished.

At 4.50 P. M., it was suggested that no quorum was present and on motion of Mr. Payne the House adjourned.

NORTH CAROLINA FIRST.

Regiment Disembarked and Marched Through Havana--Made Fine Appearance--Welcomed With Rejoicing.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, December 12.—The First North Carolina regiment, which arrived here yesterday morning on the United States transport Roumania, disembarked this morning and marched through the city, with band and colors, to camp at Marainao. By the time the regiment had reached the suburb of Ceirro many hundreds of men, women and children were following, all showing deep emotion, the men embracing one another, the women weeping from excessive pleasure, and the children shouting endearing names as the North Carolinians marched along.

The troops were amazed at the intensity of feeling displayed. Several hundred Cubans followed the regiment all the way to Marainao, a distance of seven miles. The troops, in heavy marching order, made a fine appearance, reaching the camp about 11 o'clock this morning, where they were comfortably installed.

THE SAMOAN ISLANDS.

U. S. Government Will Not Relinquish Any of Its Rights in this Bit of Territory to Germany.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 12.—The United States government is not aware that any arrangment has been made for the transfer of title of the Samoan islands to Germany, and being one of the parties of the tripartite agreement under which Samoa is now governed, it is not conceivable that any change in the status of the islands can be made without the knowledge of the United States government.

The European publication, indicating that Germany had acquired sole rights in the Samoan group, is recognized as a diplomatic feeler, being another of the attempts which have been made at intervals of three months for the past two or three years, to ascertain how a change in the established order as to Samoa would be received in the United States.

The government of the United States will not consent to relinquish any of its rights. The German ambassador, Dr. Von Holleben, called at the State Department to-day and had an interview with Secretary Hay.

GENERAL GARCIA DEAD.

Brave Cuban Soldier and Leader Succumbs to An Attack of Pneumonia in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—Gen. Calixto Garcia, the distinguished Cuban soldier and leader, and the head of the commission elected by the Cuban Assembly to visit this country, died here this morning, shortly after 10 o'clock, at the Hotel Raleigh, where the commission has its headquarters. The sudden change from the warm climate of Cuba, with the hardships he had there endured, to the wintry weather of New York and Washington caused pneumonia, which resulted in his death.

The arrangements for General Garcia's funeral are incomplete. It will probably take place Tuesday, from St. Patrick's Church. Father McGee officiating. The remains will be laid in a vault temporarily, and will later be returned to Cuba.

ONE OF DEWEY'S TROPHIES.

Spanish Cruiser Isla de Cuba Sunk in the Battle of Manila.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, December 12.—The Isla de Cuba, one of the cruisers sunk by Admiral Dewey, in the battle of Manila, on May 1st, last, and which he subsequently caused to be raised, started for Hong Kong to-day under her own steam. She is of 1,030 tons displacement and 2,700 indicated horse power.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

AFFRAY IN THE CITY OF HAVANA.

Three Cubans Killed and a Spanish Officer and Two Cubans Wounded.

THE TROOPS RESTORE ORDER.

Difficulty Caused by Cubans Who Wished to Close Theatres on Account of the Death of General Garcia—Many Shots Fired.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Dec. 12.—Three Cubans were killed and one Spanish officer and two Cubans wounded last night in an affray between some Spanish officers off duty and a number of citizens and a party of Cubans who wished to close the Tacon theatre on account of the death of General Calixto Garcia, at Washington. The Spanish troops on duty intervened and restored order.

After the news of General Garcia's death spread through Havana early yesterday evening, the Cubans wished to have all the places of amusement closed. They succeeded in closing two places frequented by Cubans, but the management of the Tacon theatre, where there were many Spanish officers among the audience, refused to close the house. Thereupon Allgrette, a former captain of insurgent troops, got into an excited argument with the manager of the theatre and was escorted to the sidewalk by the police on duty. There Allgrette entered into a heated discussion with a Spanish officer, who struck him across the face with the flat of his sword. Then there was a collision between the Cubans and the Spanish military men. More blows were struck on both sides and many persons from the cafes and park cheered for Spain and brought crowds of people to the spot from adjacent streets and squares. Suddenly a shot was fired, whether by a Cuban or by a Spaniard intentionally or accidentally cannot be said, and the Cubans retreated to the Hotel Inglaterra. More shots were fired on both sides and Arturo Tiset, a French citizen, born Havana, was shot and seriously wounded while sitting at a table.

More shots were fired and Cubans ran through the hotel office and made their way up stairs. Jesus Stolongo, a Cuban, fell wounded on the stairs and another wounded man broke into the room occupied by Lieutenant Fitzhugh Lee, son of the famous general and former consul general here, demanding protection. Gen. Greene and several members of his staff, who had been out on a balcony watching the crowd, heard the uproar in the hotel and went into the corridor. As soon as the Spanish officers saw Gen. Greene, who was in uniform, they stopped their pursuit of the Cubans, saluted and retired.

In the meantime Bastaquio Lemus had been fatally wounded in the streets and Pedro Blesa and Senor Jimenez had been killed.

Shortly afterwards the Spanish guards on duty swarmed in from the neighboring streets and order was restored.

At the time the Cubans and pursuing Spaniards ran through the Hotel Inglaterra Gen. Humphries was in the lobby, talking with Major Martin, of Gen. Greene's staff, and other gentlemen. A bullet shattered a mirror near which they stood and two others shattered the staircase. The hotel was full of American officers and civilians, and some of them, with their wives, were standing on the balconies at the imminent risk of being hit by bullets fired at an upward angle to scare the crowds. From that point they watched the spectacle in the electric lighted square.

It is reported that, in addition to those killed and wounded who have been previously mentioned, four are being cared for in private houses. Three arrests were made.

A few minutes after the shooting in the hotel frightened patrons and Cubans gathered around Gen. Greene, asking if he would protect them. He assured them that he believed they were safe, but the only recognized authority in Havana was the Spanish executive. He then sent Captain Cole and Lieut. Stevens to Castellanos to ioquire what was being done to preserve order. The latter replied that the cafes had been ordered closed and the streets cleared while troops in sufficient numbers to keep the peace had been posted in the squares and thoroughfares. Two of the aides of General Castellanos called upon General Greene and gave him further personal assurances.

Telephone messages describing the occurrence were sent to General Wade, in El Vedado, and General Geene cabled to Washington a brief statement of the facts. What was taking place in the city was all unknown on the American warships and transports in the harbor, nor did the news reach the mtill this morning.

COL. BRYAN RETIRES.

His Resignation Forwarded by Mail to the War Department.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 12.—All doubt respecting the intentions of Col. Wm. J. Brayn were removed by the receipt at the War Department to day of a telegram from him, stating that he had mailed his resignation of his commission as a colonel of volunteers, and that it was approved by the division and corps commanders.

The War Department cannot, of course, act upon the resignation until it comes formally to hand, but there can be no doubt of its acceptance. It is supposed at the War Department that the lieutenant colonel of Colonel Bryan's regiment will succeed him in the colonelcy.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Advance in Prices of Sheetings, Print Cloths and Other White Goods.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 12.—Advances of ½c. are reported in some makes of four-yard sheetings. Standard and three-yard sheetings and drills are in strong position. Fine yard grey cloths are advancing. Print cloths firm, with sales at the latest advance in narrow goods. Prints are in good demand. Ginghams are firm in all desirable makes. Piques, welts and other white goods, generally sold well and were steady. There were fair orders for piece dyed woollens for men's wear. Dress goods were unchanged.

THE MODERN MOTHER

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

RALEIGH'S BUDGET OF NEWS.

Gov. Russell's Trip to Washington—Federal Court—Trial of Sanford Safe Robbers Progressing.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 12.

Governor Russell must have felt chagrined when he called on President McKinley Saturday and the President told him that he would have to come again Monday. The articles bought last April and May, when the First regiment was mobilized here have never been paid for and the people are naturally impatient at such delay. However, it seems that Russell will not have an easy time getting the money from the government, since Indian claims are still held by the government against this State.

All the Methodist ministers in Raleigh were returned by the conference and they all preached to large congregations yesterday.

Mr. John H. Mills, who for years was superintendent of the Baptist Orphanage at Thomasville, is reported very ill.

The new Democratic Commissioners of Buncombe county have denounced the action of the Republican board in repudiating the $100,000 in bonds, and acknowledges the validity of the bonds.

The Federal Court will to day begin the trial of the famous Sanford safe crackers. The court has been progressing very slowly thus far on account of the absence of some very important witnesses.

Two prisoners, who are serving terms in the Federal prison here for safe robbing at Greenville, S. C., have been identified as the men who committed the postoffice safe robbery at Maxton and the attempted robbery at Laurinburg.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—276 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 1 barrel rosin, 7 barrels tar.

W., C. & A. Railroad—738 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 5 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar, 101 barrels crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad—13 bales cotton, 13 barrels spirits turpentine, 37 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—275 bales cotton, 28 casks spirits turpentine, 135 barrels tar.

W., N. & N. Railroad—141 bales cotton.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—20 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 30 barrels rosin, 89 barrels tar.

Steamer Driver—16 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 15 barrels rosin, 52 barrels tar.

Steamer Seabright —41 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine.

Schooner Jno. D. Pigott—2 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 56 barrels rosin.

Schooner Minnie Ward—4 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 89 barrels rosin, 38 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 1,526 bales; spirits turpentine, 81 casks, rosin, 233 barrels; tar, 349 barrels; crude turpentine, 101 barrels.

JESSE R. M'LEAN.

Death of a Well Known North Carolina Teacher.

A special to the *News and Courier* from Manning, S. C., Dec. 10th, says:

Major J. R. McLean, aged 71 years, died here suddenly last night and was interred in the Manning cemetery this afternoon. Major McLean was a native of Alamance county, N. C., and a graduate of Davidson College, and has been constantly engaged in teaching from his graduation up to the day of his death.

Some of the leading men of the two Carolinas are among his pupils.

He was the father-in-law of Mr. Joseph Sprott, cashier of the Bank of Manning. Many relatives and friends in both States will mourn his loss.

The Quartermaster's Department is now called upou to face the formidable task of transporting from the Philippines all of the Spanish soldiers who constitute the garrisons of the islands. There are about 15,000 of these.

At the National Sporting Club, London, Eng., Pedler Palmer and Billy Plimmer fought for the bantam championship, the club purse and £500 a side. Palmer knocked Plimmer out in the seventeenth round.

NEWS FROM THE PENINSULA

Is to the effect that our justly celebrated

Peninsula Stoves and Ranges

are giving perfect satisfaction to all who have tried them.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.

We can also supply you with everything in the HARDWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING line at Bottom Prices.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

J. W. MURCHISON.

no 24 tf

Oranges! Oranges!

WE OFFER THE ENTIRE CARGO OF ORANGES, recently arrived on the Schooner Sarah E. Douglass.

ALSO, APPLES, COCOANUTS, MIXED NUTS, RAISINS, and other

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

SEND US YOUR ORDERS.

McNAIR & PEARSALL,

de 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Position wanted by a competent gardener, who can take charge of a truck farm. Address, A. B. care of STAR. de 13 3t*

Holiday Specialties—100 bags Peanuts, 50 boxes L. L. Raisins, 25 boxes mixed Nuts, 3,000 Cocoanuts, 10,000 Oranges, 5,000 Cigars, 5,000 cheroots and lots of other goods. We only ask a call to learn our inducements. Love & Flynn. de 11 tf

New Commission House—To the shippers of Country Produce: I am now open and ready to receive consignments of all kinds of Country Produce. Quick sales and prompt returns is my motto. C. D. Jacobs, No. 9 North Second street. de 4 1w*

Christmas Photographs—Come and see my Christmas display of genuine Caobonet Photographs. They are up-to date in style and finish. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. no 22 1y

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for rent a Store on Market street, between Front and Second at $30 a month. oc 5 tf

W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for rent a 12-room house with cistern and bath and sewer for $30 a month. Also a number of other desirable houses in various parts of town. oc 5 tf

I Am Paying special attention to selling property. If you have any real estate for sale I should like to have it on my list. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. oct 1 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Wanted—Energetic Travelling Man to sell Georgia Sugar Cane Syrup as side line. Good pay. Address, P. O. Box 61, Quitman, Ga. de 7 5t*

White Barber Shop—I have employed another white barber, and with three chairs now, am better prepared than ever to accommodate my patrons. Wm. Tienken, 105 Princess street oc 12 tf

For Sale—One Edson "class M" Electric Phonograph, in perfect condition, with "nickle in the slot" connection. Also a lot of records and record case. Address "B.," 312 North Third street, city. no 18 1m

M. C. Benson—Country Produce and Commission Merchant, 108 Dock street. Solicits shipments of Country Produce from merchants and farmers. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to my care. no 3 tf

Consign Your Chickens Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

I Have Several desirable houses to rent forn ext year still left. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. oct 1 tf

W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for sale houses ranging in price from $7,250 to $150. Also some desirable building lots. oc 5 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Chickens, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce. See L. Tate Bowden when you want the nicest and freshest in the produce line at the very lowest possible prices. No. 6 Princess street. oc 27 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 311 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith 314 Campbell street au 14 tf

Introduction of the Famous

"Jenness Miller" Hygienic Shoes for Women.

We have secured the "exclusive agency for the famous "JENNESS MILLER" HYGIENIC SHOES FOR WOMEN.

We unhesitatingly recommend them to our patrons and guarantee them to give absolute satisfaction Try a pair and enjoy the luxury of comfortable, durable, graceful fitting Shoes. Only to be had of us in the city.

Shown in button and lace, in "turns," and "welts" in wide "common-sense" toe for tender feet, and narrower "dress" toe for dress wear, $3.50. No finer Shoes at any price.

MERCER & EVANS,

de 8 3t th sa tu 115 PRINCESS STREET.

The First Instalment

OF THE

Jenness Miller Hygenic Shoes

for Ladies, in Button and Lace, several different Toes, have just arrived, and to be appreciated for elegance, ease and durability must be seen and tried.

Price, $3.50.

Our Duttenhoffer Ladies' Shoes, all styles, are more popular than ever, making new acquaintances every day

Our Mundell's Children's Shoes still hold their place in public favor.

And Our W. L. Douglass Shoes for Men, Boys and Youths—well, don't mention it!

Do not forget, also, that we have a full stock of

All Kinds of Shoes.

As Cheap as the Cheapest and as Good as the Best.

Our Popular Contest for Presents is on again, ending January 1st, 1899. Begin now!

MERCER & EVANS,

no 17 tf H. C. Evans' old stand.

L. L. RAISINS.

140 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
50 Boxes Loose Raisins.
50 Barrels Apples.
90 Bags C. C. Nuts.
75 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
175 Tubs Fancy Candy.
94 Picnic Cheese.
175 Bags Wheat Bran.
300 Dozen Fish Roe.
245 Bags Peanuts.

W. B. Cooper,

de 4 tf Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

GENERAL ASSORTMENT

of Toys and Fancy Articles Suitable for

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Everything for Fancy Work, Zephyr, Saxony and Germantown Wool. Slipper Soles, Stamped Linen, Embroidery Silk, Ribbons, etc.

Come and see us before you buy.

Car fare paid on Purchases of $3.00 and upwards. Goods delivered promptly.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Bell 'Phone 118.—Inter-State 'Phone 218. NEAR FOURTH STREET BRIDGE,

de 7 tf

A MOST ACCEPTABLE X-MAS GIFT

TO A MAN THAT IS CULTIVATED IN HIS TASTES, OR FASTIDIOUS IN HIS APPAREL, WOULD BE AN ORDER ON US FOR AN **X-MAS SUIT.**

WE CAN GIVE STYLE, FIT AND SATISFACTION SUCH AS YOU CANNOT BUY ELSEWHERE. SHOULD YOU WISH A SMOKING OR HOUSE JACKET FOR AN X-MAS GIFT, **WE CAN ORDER IT FOR YOU THIS WEEK.** OUR LINE OF X-MAS NECKWEAR WILL ARRIVE THIS WEEK. EVERYTHING THE NEWEST STYLES. IT IS ELEGANT. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

HOW ABOUT A FEW PAIRS OF SILK HALF HOSE FOR A GIFT? GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS, CUFFS, CANES, UMBRELLAS, UNDERWEAR, Etc., Etc.

M. H. CURRAN,

de 11 tf 107 Princess street.

Bear in Mind

BIG BARGAIN CLOSING OUT SALE IS NOW GOING ON AT 18 MARKET STREET. WE ARE DISPOSING OF AT

A GREAT SACRIFICE,

the large and varied stock formerly owned by J. J. SHEPARD. This stock of goods must be closed by December 25, regardless of cost. It embraces a complete line of Dry Goods (including large assortment of Dress Goods, Silks, etc.), Carpets, Rugs, Table Linen, Clothing and Shoes.

The Entire Stock is a Solid Bargain.

No humbug sale. The business will be closed out as stated. Call and be convinced.

TERMS OF SALE STRICTLY SPOT CASH. NO APPROBATION.

H. C. BEAR.

de 11 4t th sa su tu

The C. W. Polvogt Co

SOME HINTS TO GIFT-GIVERS.

The Holiday Stocks are at their height, all ready for your inspection. Gathered in a bigger, more intelligent way than ever before. And in gathering largely we gather well. Quantity is a great factor in the lessening of prices Some of the Holiday lots were captured below prevailing valuations, and so we turn them over to you at a proportionate saving If you would benefit by the bountiful stocks of giveable articles come now. Unbroken assortments afford the choicest picking. Your selections will be held for Christmas week delivery if you wish.

CLOAKS AND BLANKETS.

Does this weather make you think you need "New Blankets?"

Now, a word about new Blankets as we show and sell them. Here pure wool means pure wool, part cotton is part cotton with us, and we even admit that we have some that are all cotton. But where's the advantage, you say. Full widths and lengths, the prettiest conceits in borders, the best value in fabric. From the lowest priced to the highest there's a range of values that gives every one ample choice and without the slightest danger of going wrong.

If it's going to be a new Coat or Cape it might as well be a real Stylish one—from us.

Most of the garments you find here can't be seen elsewhere in town, not that our friends (competitors) wouldn't like to have them, but we manage to fix things so they can't, and what does it give us? Exclusive, nobby things, the very cream of the choicest styles that New York shows this season, and it isn't necessary to pay a penny more than for styles not so pretty or attractive. Will you come to us?

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. no 27 tf

A. DAVID & CO.

FOR THE COMING GIFT TIME.

Hundreds of styles of NECKWEAR in all the latest colors and shapes. Twenty-five cents buys a very nice quality; 50 cents buys the best. The best make of GLOVES in the country, a nice Christmas present for your husband or sweetheart. Best qualities $1.00 to $1.75; others 50 and 75c.

MEN'S UNDERCLOTHES.

There are a great many stores in town where Men's Underwear is sold, but at no other store in town will you find such a carefully selected stock as here. In Cotton Underwear we have everything which is worthy of place in our stock, from the lightest weight to the heaviest flat or ribbed garments. Prices from 50c to $1.50 a garment. Wool garments range in price from 75c to $2.50 a piece.

We have told you all about our Men's and Boys' Clothing in former advertisements, and will only add here that we can please you better in every way than any other store in town. If you want a Custom Made Suit give us a call.

A. David & Co.,

LEADING CLOTHIERS AND GENTS' FURNISHERS,

de 11 tf FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS AND THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON, WE PRESENT

TO OUR PATRONS.

YOU NEVER SAW IN WILMINGTON SUCH A DISPLAY IN FANCY ROCKERS, TABLES AND LADIES' DESKS, AND MANY USEFUL PIECES OF FURNITURE SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY TRADE. BEING BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH, WE WILL OFFER THE SAME AT ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES.

SEE US BEFORE YOU PURCHASE.

THE SNEED COMPANY,

de 7 tf Second and Market Streets.

The Doctor Ordered

the prescription and then left it for you to get filled. If you wish the medicines he prescribes to do the most good, bring the prescription here, where you will get the purest Drugs, compounded by a pharmacist who understands Drugs and their compounding.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

de 7 tf

This Is No FAKE!

3 Crown London Layer Raisins

The very best and new.

10 Cents PER POUND.

The prettiest lot of N. C. HAMS you ever saw. Plump and well trimmed.

S. W. SANDERS,

de 11 tf At the Unlucky Corner.